The Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 7.—Fourth Year. VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, MARCH 20, 1888 No. 240

A. GILMORE'S

INDICATIONS FOR TO-MORROW: CLOUDY WITH RAIN!

CONSIGNED TO A. GILMORE.

The Oldest Clothing House in the Province.

Over 100 Children's Suits Just Opened!

SIZES FROM 22 TO 27. TWO PIECES.

Look at these prices and compare them with what you pay elsewhere.

24 Brown Serge Suits at $1.75.
24 Heavy Striped Cotton Suits, Sailor Style, $1.75.
24 Halifax Tweed Suits, all Wool, $2.50.
60 Assorted Suits (Job Lot) from $2.50 to $5, worth almost double.

ANOTHER CASE OF CLOTHS TO HAND.

A. GILMORE, TELEPHONE CALL 563. JOHNSON ST.

THE SCOTCH HOUSE.

CLOSING OUT SALE FOR CASH ONLY.

A. McLEAN

In retiring from business, offers his large and complete Stock of

Men's and Boy's Clothing,

OVERCOATS, WOOL AND COTTON SHIRTS,

Hats, Caps, Gloves, Scarfs, Straw Hats, Cashmere and Wool Mufflers.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Umbrellas, Waterproofs.

White, Oxford and Regatta Shirts of American, English & Canadian make.

Also, English and Canadian Valises, Hand-bags,

Football Suits, &c., &c.

The whole Stock is in good order and to insure a ready sale, is offered

Without Reserve, at 20 per cent. less than former Prices.

My Goods have always been marked in plain figures so that purchasers will be able to see that they get the proper discount. My Spring Stock will arrive in a few days, which is offered at the same sacrifice.

The Store will be closed for three days arranging the Stock, and the Sale will commence on Saturday morning.

☞ All parties indebted to me will please have the goodness to settle forthwith.

A. McLEAN.

mr13

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY

BRACKMAN & KER,

Saanich Mills,

Inform the Trade, and the Public generally, that they have opened a

Flour and Feed Warehouse,

On WHARF STREET, in the premises recently occupied by Mr. E. D. Marvin, where a Full Line of

FLOUR, MEAL, FEED, ETC., ETC.,

Will be kept constantly on hand, and respectfully solicit a share of Public patronage.

TELEPHONE 157. P. O. BOX 567.

fe21 dw

JOHN WEILER,

Manufacturer and Importer,

Invites particular attention to his Immense line of

Furniture, Carpets, Linoleums, Lamp Goods,

Crockery, Glassware, Wall-Paper, Upholstery Goods, &c.

The Most Complete and Largest Stock of House Furnishing Goods in the Province can be seen at his Warerooms, at PRICES AS LOW AS ANY.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

The Trade supplied at Lowest Rates. Samples and Prices on application.

Warerooms, 206 Fort Street, Factory, Humboldt Street, VICTORIA, B. C.

ja17

READ! MARK! LEARN!

For Boot Repairs, both neat and strong, to IRVING go, you can't be wrong
Over all this city, people know, the Store to which each one should go
Repairs are done for the elite—for this they've never known defeat
Remember! each and all of you, the BROTHERS are those you should go to
Excelled by none! I'll tell you why. Good work is done for you and I
Put this in practice, 'twill appear a boon to all, both far and near
All work is guaranteed to be the best in the city, initialled
Inspect! Examine! when you're nigh, the value given to you and I
Read! Doctors' Bills are never seen—that's if your Boots to IRVING'S been
Such is the song each one should sing, and your repairs to Yates Street bring

IRVING BROS.

WORTH KNOWING WHERE TO BUY CHEAPEST!

W. & J. WILSON

ARE SELLING THEIR SPLENDID NEW STOCK OF

SUITS, OVERCOATS, HATS, UNDERWEAR,

Waterproofs and Boys' Clothing, Etc., Etc.,

AT BEDROCK PRICES.

FULL WEIGHT PURE

DR PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE

Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest and most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime, or Alum. Sold only in Cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.
NEW YORK CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

WANTED.

DRUGGIST WANTED.—A first class dispenser must have No. 1 references. Address with particulars P. O. Box 89, New Westminster B. C. mr19 2w

SITUATION WANTED.—A respectable woman wants a situation in a private family. References given if required. Address Mrs. E. DILLON, P. O. Victoria. mr17 3t

WANTED.—A smart lad to make himself generally useful in an office. Apply in writing to "J. K. L." TIMES office. mr17 3t

WANTED.—General servant girl apply to Mrs. T. M. Henderson Fort Street. mar 15 1w

GIRL WANTED.—For a small family. Apply to Mrs. Moss, North Park St. mr2 1f

FOR SALE.—TO LET.

FOR SALE.—A five roomed house on Kings Road, Work Estate, with two lots. On the property, in addition to the house, is erected a stable, coach, chicken house and other conveniences. A bargain and reasonable terms. Apply at The TIMES office. mr19 1f

ORGAN.—A first-class Organ for sale. Apply to Mrs. Wise, Pandora St. mr17 1w

HOTEL TO LEASE in New Westminster—The Queen Hotel, a new three story brick building, 60x70, well situated and admirably arranged for carrying on a first-class hotel business. For terms and other particulars apply to W. A. Duncan, New Westminster, B. C. mh13

TO LET.—A five room cottage at Rock Bay. Apply to A. J. Bechtel, Colonial Hotel, Johnson St. mr10 1w

BOARD AND LODGING.—Rooms to let. Accommodation for a gentleman and wife, Mrs. Geo. Wise, Pandora Street, opposite Temperance Hall. fe29 1m

ROOMS.—A furnished room in a pleasant locality, five minutes' walk from P. O. Apply to "W." this office.

FOR SALE.—The machinery of the Hope Sawmill. For particulars apply to Executrix. fe1 MISS S. BOWES.

TO SELL.—Section 54 [illegible] 187 acres at Rocky Point, Metchosin, 45 cleared; 10 roomed house, sheep, horse, cattle and all implements. Price $5,250. de21 tf A. TOLLER.

JOHN BOYD,

Wholesale and Retail.

Has just landed, ex "Abernyte," the Finest Scotch Whiskies ever imported from Scotland, connoisseurs whose health requires the most perfect qualities of Whisky will do well to give them a trial. In stock, Dantzic Spruce Beer and Teas of a very superior quality.

P. O. Box 482. YATES STREET. fe9 1m dly

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Mr. Maynard H. Cowan has been appointed General Manager and Agent of the British Columbia Fire Insurance Company.

D. W. MORROW, Sec-Tres.

N. SHAKESPEARE, Pres.
WM. WILSON, Vice Pres.

Parties desirous of securing the lowest rates of insurance, and at the same time assisting a home institution should place their insurance with the B. C. Fire Insurance Co. The undersigned will be pleased to furnish any information required and will give prompt attention to requests for same.

M. H. COWAN, Manager.

mr16 1m

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES.

The Manitoba Difficulty Still Unsettled—Greenway Leaves for Home Disgusted.

Canadian Engineers Being Hired in Montreal for the Chicago, B. & Q. Railroad.

THE MANITOBA MUDDLE.

Winnipeg, March 20—A private telegram from Premier Greenway to-day from Ottawa announces that he will leave for home, having accomplished nothing. The Dominion Government kept putting him off from day to day, under pretence of conferring with the Canadian Pacific authorities, until Greenway came to the conclusion that the Dominion Government was humbugging him with a view to gain time. So he cut negotiations short and will return home.

CANADIAN ENGINEERS.

Montreal, March 20—Two hundred engineers have been hired here for the Burlington & Quincy road.

THE BRUISERS FINED.

Seulis, France, March 20—Sullivan and Mitchell were sentenced yesterday to 6 months' imprisonment and $40 fine for prize fighting. Neither man present.

GOING TO FLORENCE.

London, March 20—The Queen leaves Windsor this afternoon for Portsmouth. She will arrive at Florence on Friday morning.

ADDRESS FROM THE LOWER HOUSE

Berlin, March 20—Drafts of the address of the Lower House of the Diet in reply to the Royal Message expresses thanks for His Majesty's promise to adhere to the constitution and wish for the Emperors complete restoration to health and the continuance of his beneficient rule.

BOULANGER SHELVED.

Paris, March 20—It is reported to-day that the government has decided to cashier Geo. Boulanger.

SNOW STORM IN GERMANY.

Berlin, March 20—A snow storm still prevails in Central Germany. Complete suspension of highway traffic. Many district railways are snow bound.

THE SALE OF DECORATIONS.

Paris, March 20—General Caffarel and Madame Limousin were sentenced to-day for complicity in the sale of decorations. In General Caffarel's case extenuating circumstances were found, and the court only imposed a fine of 2000 francs. Madame Limousin was sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

ON THE WING

Mr C B Sword, Riverside, returned to the city last night from a hurried visit to his home. He is here in connection with the Mutsqui dyking scheme.

Mr W H Mead, the genial western passenger agent of the Royal Route is a guest at the Driard. There is always sunshine wherever he is. He is connected with a royal road and he needs not to be told it. Mr. Mead is a universal favorite as well as a thorough railroader.

At the Occidental are registered Messrs W J Linton, San Francisco; R Hall, Nanaimo; J Cameron, Cowichan; G Byers, Hawkesbury; T Dowe, J Hagerman, Sterling; Jno Hammond, Port Hammond; Mr Mac, wife and child, D McMillan, Jno Grady and F McDonald, Westminster.

Mr A D Charlton, Assistant-General Passenger Agent for the Northern Pacific R. R, Portland, is in the city to-day. All the systems of the line he reports to be in fine working order and a large westbound passenger traffic passing over his line, principally for Eastern Oregon, Washington Territory and the Sound country. Every train is loaded with parties leaving the east for the Northwest.

Mrs Captain McDonald, (nee Maud, eldest daughter of Mr. John Kirkland of Ladner's Landing) a lady well-known in this province, has written a lengthy letter to her parents from Rangoon, Burmah, India. She is sailing around the world with her husband. The letter, which appears in the *Columbian* of the 17th instant, is a most interesting one, as it describes social life in that far off country.

Marine Notes.

The Great Victoria sailed to-day from Nanaimo with coal for San Francisco.

The schooner Ida Schwaner, 205 tons, takes stores from San Francisco to Alaska.

British ship Cape Verde, 1711 tons, Capt. Mitchell, carries 1,500,000 feet of lumber to Melbourne.

A portion of the hull of the wrecked bark Salisbury was passed by the bark Lizzie Williams off the mouth of the Columbia river.

British ship Gretna, 1705 tons, has been chartered prior to arrival to load lumber from Puget Sound to Sydney at £2 per 1000 feet.

Leon Blum, of San Francisco has chartered the bark Pearl, 509 tons, to load merchandise at San Francisco for Vladivostock.

A transportation company has been organized on the Sound and will construct a steamer to run between Port Townsend and Tacoma in opposition to the O. R. & N. Co.

Capt. E. Boindi, of Port Townsend, has been appointed Lloyd's surveyor for Puget Sound. The captain is surveyor and agent for the San Francisco board of marine underwriters and surveyor for the Bureau Veritas of Paris.

Fortunate Numbers.

Following are the fortunate numbers at the drawing of the Louisiana lottery on the 13th inst., and where the tickets were sold: No. 51,570 won the capital prize, $300,000. Sold in New York, New Orleans, Brooklyn, Chicago, Baltimore, Evansville, Ind.; Sydney, Ohio; Jackson, Tenn.; Lynchburg, Va.; Helena, Ark; East Saginaw, Mich; Taylor Bridge and Seneca, Ill, and Greenville, Canada. No. 60,675 won the second capital prize, $100,000. Sold in New Orleans, New York, Denver, Oakland, Cal, and Dallas Texas. No. 83,114 won the third prize, $50,000. Sold in New Orleans, New York, Brooklyn, San Francisco, Ogden, Memphis, Hot Springs, Ark, and Toledo and Cleveland, Ohio. No. 79,189 won the fourth prize, $25,000. Sold in Boston, Washington, New Orleans, Chattanooga, Cleveland, Ohio, and Fort Leavenworth, Kan. Nos. 48,080 and 75,194 each won $10,000. Nos. 19,844, 34,261, 44,257 53,061 and 57,229 each won $5000.

—The *Columbian* is uncomplimentary to our police. It says: "If Tassell wanted a safe place to hide himself from the world, Victoria would be the spot."

THE NEW KOOTENAY RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION BILL.

To the Editor of The Times:

Sir:—At a moment when the clauses of the new Ainsworth bill are being considered and the character of the country affected by them is being widely discussed, a few remarks upon the lands embraced by the franchise and the Lower Kootenay country generally, may not be out of place, particularly if tendered by one who is intimately acquainted with the locality and occupies a perfectly independent and disinterested position—for beyond the desire to see this part of the province receiving that attention by capital which it so richly deserves, I have no interest whatever in the passage or rejection of the bill in question.

Any one who was here in 1882-3 when the watchword of partisan politics, and the newspapers, as well as the house, were filled with these so oft-repeated rallying cries: "We are squandering the heritage of our grand-children," and "British Columbia for British Columbians," will recollect the vehemence with which it was asserted that the bill was a wholesale robbery and a grand give away of the most valuable lands of the province. The impression left upon the mind of the unsophisticated onlooker was that the proposed Kootenay bill would present to the Messrs. Ainsworth, their children and grand-children, untold wealth, millions upon millions of solid dollars represented by fabulously rich gold and silver mines, limitless expanses of the finest timber on the Pacific coast, and vast areas of the richest possible agricultural lands. So impressive were all these tales that one who was younger in those days than he is now, and who at that time had not been very long in British Columbia, forthwith packed up his duds and left for this remote rural home of millions. And what did one find when after some hard traveling that cost more money and took up more time than a trip from London to San Francisco, one reached the great Kootenay Lake? A sublimely picturesque country of grandest possible scenic attraction, a very beautiful 90 or 100 miles long lake with an absolutely impenetrable chain of mountains rising sheer on either side from the very water edge, clothed where hardy roots found space to cling with a scant growth of scrub timber of no possible commercial value; in the valley leading to the lake, a considerable tract of smiling bottom land of excellent quality, but annually subject to a heavy summer overflow lasting many weeks and rendering the land perfectly valueless in its present condition; from the lake leading to the Columbia river a terrific gorge, 25 miles long, down which the lake pours its water (descending 800 feet in that distance) and which gorge is the route of the proposed Ainsworth railway to connect the navigable waters of the Kootenay lake and river with those of the Columbia river, which water way leads in one direction into the States and in the other up to the C. P. R. On this latter piece of the Columbia river over 150 miles in length and along Kootenay lake, were supposed to exist those marvelous stretches of valuable white pine lands one heard of so much in far away Victoria, but which on personal inspection dwindled down to very ordinary dimensions, i. e., to patches of 50 or 100 acres of commercial timber, dotted here and there along the banks of the Columbia river, amid the very roughest country and of so scattered a nature that the logging camps alone would swallow up all the profits of lumbering on a business-like scale. The mines, those fabulously rich claims where the ore was reported to be almost pure silver and assays were said to show 80 *per cent.* of silver, well, when critically examined, they also "panned out" very different facts. A few pot-holes, none deeper than 20 feet, showing it is true very large bodies of bright glistening mineral for all the world like silver in the eyes of a tenderfoot, but really only solid lead with only a trifling admixture of silver, veins which in the then and still existing condition of transportation to Kootenay could no more be profitably worked than could the famous Treadwell mines in Alaska with its $5 or $6 low grade rock were it 200 or 300 miles inland instead of right on the shore of the ocean. These are the facts which months of hard travel in canoe and on horseback and long climbs amongst the Kootenay mountains disclosed to me in the summer of 1883, and four subsequent seasons, and while some of the aforementioned overflowed land appeared to be reclaimable, and therefore "good enough to stay with," I failed to detect outside of this land, in all the 750,000 acres reserved to the Messrs. Ainsworth, a single acre which without railways and steamers into the country could be honestly said to be worth what it cost to survey it. That this was a correct view to take was finally shown when the promoters, in spite of the hundred thousand dollars they spent on the surveys of land and of the railway down that aforementioned festive gorge, in spite of forfeiting their $25,000 cash deposit to the government, they stopped the enterprise and allowed the charter to collapse. What did all that tall talk about the millions to be given away to those dread monopolists amount to? To nothing, or rather to less than nothing, for it showed with what preconceived prejudices discussions about larger enterprises, involving the expenditure of large sums, were at that time carried on in this country. Nobody acquainted with the inside history of this enterprise can help expressing admiration at the courage displayed by Messrs. Ainsworth in coming again to the front and offering to build a railway, than which nothing more difficult or expensive in comparison to its length can be imagined, and to put large steamers on streams that flow literally for hundreds of miles through countries where there is not a single settler, for from McLaughlin on the Kootenay river to Revelstoke on the C. P. R. (the two points to be connected) a distance of 283 miles, there is at present not a single settler or tenanted house.

We read and hear a great deal about the want of railways in this province, but so far as I know the one proposed by these California capitalists is the only one on the mainland that has the backing of sufficient capital to build it.

The Lower Kootenay country was last season less visited and more neglected by the prospector and capitalist than it was in 1882 and in 1883. We had in 1883 a floating population nearly five times as great as there was in 1886, in spite of the C. P. R. which had been completed in the meantime. Is this right or is this as it should be? We hear a lot about the great progress the interior is making, but certainly Lower Kootenay has "centralized itself towards the rear," as McMahon in his dispatches to Paris described his flight before the victorious Germans.

In conclusion, let me say a word about the character of these Lower Kootenay mines, which will explain the reason why capital is the *sine qua non*, without which the whole country must continue in its present utterly neglected condition. Up to last season all the deposits discovered were low grade galena, running very heavy in lead, many veins being three quarters pure lead, the contents of silver averaging from $16 to $40 in silver. All these large deposits are situated on the steep declivities of the mountains rising from the lake and the mines could be worked comparatively very cheaply, the difficulty coming in when considering the transportation of ore. There is no possible doubt that the only way in which these mines can be developed is by smelting the ore on the spot and shipping the bullion to refineries for separation. Everything required for smelting except coal is on the spot and the ore is easy of treatment, while coal of the best quality can be obtained in the Upper Kootenay Valley. Quite recently far richer deposits of cornite or peacock ore, running up to hundreds of dollars in silver, have been discovered, but the site (Toad Mountain) is by no means as favorable as that of the lower grade ore, lying high up a steep mountain and over ten miles from navigable water. These mines would be tapped by the Ainsworth railway and their existence depends upon its being built.

I know too little of the nature of the new Kootenay Bill, and even were I initiated into its clauses I would not venture to offer any opinion upon them, but what I do say is that so long as the rights of the miner are protected and no monopoly of mineral rights be granted British Columbia's grand-children's heritage is well taken care of. No exaggerated opinion should be entertained of the intrinsic value of land in Lower Kootenay. What is not reserved for other undertakings is practically valueless in the present condition of the country, and I think those self same much-considered grand-children will, if they are not born paupers, have much to complain of if this apparently *bona fide* offer to open the country be repulsed.

W. A. BAILLIE GROHMAN.

POLICE COURT NOTES.

[Before Hon. A. N. Richards, Q.C.]

"Potatoe John," charged with being drunk. Fined $5 or one week.

Mabel Dickson, charged with drunkenness. Fined $5 or one week.

H. L. Salmon, charged with an infraction of the building by-law. Mr. Walker appeared for Mr. Salmon; and Mr. Taylor for the Corporation. Evidence was given by Officer Walker and Mr. H. L. Salmon, when the case was adjourned till 10 o'clock Wednesday morning.

Mr. John Begg, charged with an infraction of the Inland Revenue Act by having a worm and drum in his possession. Mr. Walker for the defense, asked for an adjournment until Thursday.

Mr. Gannaway, for the prosecution, consented. Case accordingly adjourned till Thursday.

W. S. Hall, on remand from yesterday, charged with smuggling playing cards.

Richard Hunter, customs officer, stated that he found 13½ gross of playing cards in a building known as the skating rink on Yates street. The cards were valued at $18 per gross, they were never entered in the Custom House; removed them to the appraiser's office. The seizure was made on Sunday afternoon; was not present when he was arrested.

David T. Huson stated that he saw prisoner at the North Pacific saloon; was told to watch his movements. Witness then described having observed prisoner enter the rink, come out and go back to the North Pacific saloon. After telling Mr. Hunter what he observed he returned to the rink and got in through the window.

Sergt. Sheppard testified to his having entered the rink through a window and finding three cases of cards in the building. Mr. Hunter fully described the prisoner whom he arrested in the North Pacific Saloon at 11 o'clock on Sunday night.

Mr. Peter Jamieson testified having charge of the rink, which is shut down for the present. Two small rooms were rented by a man named Joseph Burnett. Prisoner was a patient in the Royal Hospital sometime since. He was a friend of Burnett's; never gave prisoner a key to the building. To Mr. McNab Stuart witness stated that the rink was open last Saturday afternoon. He did not observe anything there then. Was not in the rink again until Monday morning. He knew a man named Lepick, but he had no key. To the Court the witness stated that he was not in the room in which the cards were found on Saturday; did not lock any of the doors; prisoner had no business in the building on Sunday; knew nothing about the stuff.

The Court held that the evidence against Hall was circumstantial and the prisoner was entitled to the benefit of a doubt.

Mr. Gannaway did not consider the evidence strong enough and he would withdraw the charge.

Mr. Stuart thought it was a hardship for his client, who had been locked up for 48 hours; his boat also being seized.

The case was dismissed.

The Seized Still.

Mr. Begg, the owner of the still seized by the Inspector of Inland Revenue, informs us that the article seized was only part of a still, which had been in his possession but never used ever since 1868 or 1869. Its capacity when used by its former owner was about 25 gallons per day. It was purchased from John Dixon, and not at a sale of Mr. Bunster's plant. During the twenty years it has been in his possession, he says that he never secreted it and never set it up.

"She."

"She" scored a magnificent success at the Victoria last night, where it was presented for the first time in this city by the Webster-Brady Company before an audience that literally packed every part of the large building. The scenic effects were grand and called forth rounds of applause. The sinking of the slave dhow, the cave of Amahagger, the experiences in the cave, "She's" palace and the fire were all splendidly managed and vivid spectacular effects. Miss Charlotte Tittle was a magnificent queen, and Ustain, the tender, loving girl, was perfectly represented by Miss Laura Bigger. Mr. Brady, as Job, relieved the wierdly tragic character of the drama and evoked roars of laughter. To-night Dion Boucicault's famous cyclorama of "After Dark" will undoubtedly attract an equally large audience.

—Oysters and Turtles at Poodle Dog.

AMERICAN NEWS.

The Bell Telephone Again Before the Courts and Declared Victorious Over Rivals.

Smallpox in Brooklyn—The Santa Fe System Again in Working Order Throughout.

SMALLPOX IN BROOKLYN.

New York, March 20—Smallpox has again broken out in Brooklyn. Seven cases were reported yesterday.

JUMPED FROM WINDOWS.

New York, March 19—Elberon Flats were burned this morning. There was great excitement and many people jumped out of the windows. One, Mrs. Francis Westlake, was killed; others badly hurt.

THE BELL TELEPHONE CASE.

Washington, March 19—The Supreme Court this morning delivered an opinion in the Bell telephone case. In considering the question of the alleged anticipation of Bell's invention of the telephone by Reis in Germany, the court holds that Reis discovered the means of transmitting musical tones and nothing more. The decision is in favor of the Bell Telephone Co. The court stood four to three.

A LARGE HAUL.

Sacramento, Cal., March 19—Early this morning burglars entered the saloon of Theodore Blauth, K Street, and broke the safe open. They secured over two thousand dollars in coin.

New York, March 20—Assistant Secretary Parsons of Wells, Fargo & Co., says an express pool including the Northern Pacific and American Express is not contemplated, and the absorption of Erie has no such significance.

SANTA FE ROAD RUNNING.

Los Angeles, Cal., March 20—All trains on the Santa Fe system started out on time this morning and are running as usual. Trains in San Diego county are also running on time.

FAILED FOR $100,000.

Aberdeen, Miss., March 20—The banking house of Gottmann & Co. failed this morning. Liabilities one hundred thousand dollars.

STILL SNOWING IN THE EAST.

Council Bluffs, Ia., March 20—The mercury has dropped sixty degrees since yesterday. A blizzard is raging to-day.

MORE SNOW STORMS.

Sioux City, Iowa, March 20—A snow storm began at midnight on Sunday and continued all day yesterday. Drifts have stopped the horse-cars. Railway communication north and west is interrupted.

Hastings, Neb., March 20—The second really severe snow and wind storm of the year is prevailing here.

Holbrook, Ariz, March 20—The severest snow storm of the season is raging here to-day.

Our German Citizens.

A largely attended meeting of German residents was held at Leider Kranz Hall last night when the following resolution was passed: Resolved, that the German residents of Victoria desire publicly to express their appreciation of the manifestation of sympathy by their fellow-citizens in attending the memorial service in honor of the late Emperor William of Germany, held at the Victoria theatre on the 16th inst., and beg sincerely to thank the various speakers for their eloquent addresses, also those who so kindly assisted in the decorations, and also the officers and representatives of both branches of H. M. Service—the naval officers and the men of "C" Battery—who, by their presence, imparted so impressive a character to the service and occasion, not forgetting to thank Hon. Robert Dunsmuir, president, and the directors for placing the theatre at their disposal.

What the "Columbian" Thinks of It.

The Provincial Secretary's paper, the *Columbian*, says of the Attorney-General's anomalous position. "Mr. Davie's defence is certainly worth consideration. At the same time we think the position he occupies is unfortunate. We are quite prepared to believe that the public interests will not suffer in this case, but the circumstances may lead to such suspicions as will weaken public confidence in the administration of justice, which will be very unfortunate." It would be interesting to know what there is in the Attorney-General's defence that is "worthy of consideration," but at the same time it is gratifying to see that our contemporary is sufficiently honest to admit that his position is "very unfortunate." That is a point which he appears to have overlooked. Mr. Davie's defence—if he has said anything that can be dignified by that name—is based on the assumptions that he is Attorney-General. The *Columbian* assumes the same thing, and we admit not incorrectly. But that being the case, should not Mr. Davie, as a matter of regularity and decency, resign his seat and go to the people for re-election?

Our Magdalenes.

A woman residing on Broad street was locked up some time ago on a petty charge and was visited in the gaol by some charitable ladies. At the expiration of her sentence the woman, who is but 17 years of age, was taken care of by one of those charitable ladies and given employment during the day. Rev. Mr. Wadman, and his estimable wife undertook to provide the girl with sleeping apartments and were uniformly kind to her. The girl appeared to take every interest in the church and was considered in a safe way to become a changed person. One evening the girl slipped out of the house and in her hurry took away Mrs. Wadman's hat. Noticing her absence, Mr. Wadman proceeded to the city lock-up, and, with the assistance of the police, hunted up the girl who was found in a house on Johnson street. The woman did not wish to return to her protectors, but a threat to have her imprisoned for stealing the wearing apparel made the young woman come to her senses and return with the minister. She is again under the protection of a number of Christian workers who are determined to use every endeavor to induce the unfortunate young woman to forsake her evil ways and companions and become a changed person. It is sincerely to be hoped they may be successful in their mission. In Toronto it is known that many of these Magdalens who found refuge for a time in the Mercer reformatory, have gone forth upon the world at the expiration of their sentences completely changed persons.

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Wm. TEMPLEMAN, Manager.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Tuesday, March 20, 1888.

THE SCOTT ACT.

The workings of the Scott Act in the counties of the east where its measures are enforced continues to attract attention. Analysing the license report of the Ontario government for the past year the following is the result arrived at: Taking first those counties in which the Canada Temperance Act is in force, it is found that in Dufferin, Lincoln and Renfrew the same number were committed each year. In Elgin, Halton, Huron, Kent, Lambton, Leeds and Grenville, Norfolk, Northumberland, and Durham, Oxford, Peterboro' and Simcoe, the commitments for 1887 were less than in 1886. In Brant, Bruce, Carleton, Frontenac, Lanark, Lennox and Addington, Middlesex, Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, Victoria and Wellington the commitments in 1887 exceeded those of 1886. Of those counties and districts in which the License Act is in force—Algoma, Essex, Grey, Haldimand, Hastings, Nipissing, Thunder Bay, Waterloo and York—had a greater number of commitments for drunkenness in 1887 than in 1886, while Peel, Perth, Prescott and Russell, Prince Edward, Wentworth and Welland had a less number. To summarise: Of the Scott Act counties three had the same number of commitments in 1887 as in 1886, ten had a greater number in 1887, and eleven a less. Of the counties and districts under the License Act nine had a greater number in 1887 and six had less. Of the ten counties under the Scott Act having a greater number of commitments in 1887 than in 1885, Brant, Carleton, Frontenac and Middlesex, the county jaols therein receive prisoners committed from the cities of Brantford, Ottawa, Kingston and London, in which the License Act is in force.

MISAPPROPRIATION OF FUNDS.

The reports of the majority and minority of the public accounts committee disclose the fact that the government, in April and June last, paid out sums of money aggregating $737.95 (on account of expenses incurred in examining and reporting on the Shuswap & Okanagan Railway) without the authority of the Lieutenant-Governor's warrant, which the statutes provides must issue before moneys can be paid out of the treasury. The only difference in the two reports is in respect to the conclusions drawn; they agree as to the facts and in respect to the irregularity of the proceeding. The majority, it is true, labor to prove that the payment in question was a case of emergency; but nevertheless it is compelled to express the opinion "that the practice of advancing money to a company for expenses that should be borne by them is irregular and should not be followed excepting in case of emergency, and then only after ample security for a refund has been obtained." As no security was obtained in this case, the action of the government was, according to the majority, clearly "irregular." The minority denounce the payment of moneys out of the treasury without a warrant from His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor as illegal, there being neither legislative nor executive authority for the payment of the money to the Shuswap and Okanagan Railway Company, and that the practice of advancing moneys to a company unauthorized is pernicious and certain to lead to great abuse. Thus the government is condemned by both friends and opponents. This misappropriation of moneys intrusted to the government by the people is a very serious matter, and calculated to shake the confidence of the country in the honesty of the men guilty of such mad-administration. If the Finance Minister dare to violate a statute by paying out $737, he may with equally disregard of what is proper and honest disburse $737,000 without any authority whatever. In this instance it may be argued that the Government has only committed a petty larceny; but we have no doubt that if the public accounts were examined by an independent committee it would be found that this practice was general. It must be obvious to all thinking persons that the public departments are in a state of chaos—the members being perfectly incompetent and without even ordinary knowledge of the statute laws of the province. The house cannot, in justice to itself, refuse to condemn the illegal act, and following its condemnation, the men guilty of the robbery must be compelled to resign the offices they have disgraced.

—For the largest and best assortment of FURNITURE, CARPETS, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, LAMPS, &c., go to J. SEHL, Government Street, where you are sure to get suited in style, quality and lowest prices.

Mr. George Olds, of the C. P. R., was before the Interstate Commerce Commissioners in Chicago, on the 16th. He asserted that his company was not a disturber, but had given American shippers the advantages of reasonable rates. The road was not responsible for the competition in Chicago and the West, as the American lines were the initial lines, and the Canadian Pacific only took such business as they could carry with profit. His line was working in amity with the Transcontinental roads, and the statement that it had robbed the American lines of $12,000,000 in 1887, was all bosh. The revenue for inter-state traffic in this period was only $165,000 The chairman of the Central and Western Transportation Associations testified regarding under valuation and false classification, and Blanchard urged the commissioners to recommend the passage of a law to punish these fradulent practices.

Matters with the Indian tribes in the Northwest are not at all satisfactory. For some weeks alarming reports have been received at Winnipeg and elsewhere from the Territories, that the Indians are very restless, owing to the neglect of the Government in furnishing supplies, and that there was serious danger of an uprising unless food was at once forwarded. The mounted police claim to be prepared to put down any revolt, but at the same time admit that there will be trouble unless immediate relief is given. The half-breeds at Batouche are in constant communication with Gabriel Dumont, now in New York, and in a recent letter it is understood that he advised them to secure food by pillage, rather than submit to slow starvation. The people had a half crop of barley this year, but they were obliged to burn and eat it. Settlers in the North-west Territory are considerably alarmed.

Upper tendom in England is at present greatly agitated over the alleged discovery that the late Duke of Portland, who was supposed to have died a bachelor a few days since, has left a son by a secret marriage who now claims the family estate. This will be a sad blow to the supposed heir to the late Duke, Lord John Manners, who has no broad acres of his own, and whose only "visible means of support" is a pension of £1200 which he enjoys from the Crown as an ex-postmaster-general. The Rutland estate extends to 70,019 acres, bringing a rental of £89,945 per annum. It would not be surprising if the story of a secret marriage turned out to be correct. When men have nothing to do but draw rents from inherited estates, and loaf away their days killing time, they are tempted to engage in little peccadilloes that ordinary mortals would never dream of. The famous Bresdalbane peerage case arose out of just such a carrying on.

A press dispatch from San Francisco is published throughout the land to the effect that the Oceanic Steamship Company has obtained a renewal of the contract to carry English mails for Australia and New Zealand, via San Francisco. The contract extends to November, 1889. One strong argument used was that in case of war the mails would be safe under a neutral flag. Evasion is made for increased speed. It is thought by some there that this renewal practically does away with the plan of the Canadian Pacific company to establish a competing line from this province to Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney. The failure of Canada to effect a reciprocity treaty with Hawaii, says the dispatch, was the first blow that the proposed line received, and without the assistance of the New Zealand government it was deemed impossible to put on three good steamships. The other side, however, has to be heard from. The very fact that the contract is awarded but for one year, is proof that the Australian and British Governments are anxiously looking to the Canadian line as the route for their mails in the future.

PROVINCIAL ASSEMBLY.

Proceedings of the Second Session of the Fifth Legislature.

MONDAY, March 19.

Mr. Speaker took the chair at 2 p. m.

Prayers were read by the Rev. P. M'F. McLeod.

PETITIONS.

Col. Baker presented two petitions from the inhabitants of Kootenay, favoring the Kootenay Railway & Navigation Company's bill.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

Mr. Duck presented the report of the Public Accounts Committee; also the second report of the minority of the same committee. The reports were received.

PRIVILEGE.

Hon. Mr. Humphreys said he had sent a couple of communications to the honorable Chief Commissioner in reference to the wants of his district, but had obtained no reply.

Hon. Mr. Vernon said the letters were handed to him across the floor of the house. If the honorable gentleman desired a formal answer, he would be pleased to accommodate him.

Mr. Allen, to the amusement of the house, read an editorial comment on him in THE TIMES which accused him of being "intellectual" and stated that his senses had become dulled by "late hours" and contact with the "Club Theatre." Remarking on this he said, speaking at the top of his voice, that he would go to the Club Theatre without asking permission of the member for Cassiar, and he could tell that member the Club Theatre was just as respectable as clubs where he had seen him in years ago.

Mr. Grant—You need not shout so loud. You will not frighten any one.

Mr. Speaker informed the member for Lillooet that he was out of order.

Hon. Mr. Beaven moved for copies of all orders in council, telegrams, or letters respecting the proroguing of the Legislative Assembly from the 15th December, 1887, to the 16th February, 1888, and the issuance of the proclamation dated 7th January, 1888, summoning the Legislature to meet for the dispatch of business on the 27th January, 1888; also for copies of all recommendations of the Executive Council, or orders in council, letters or telegrams that have passed between his honor the Lieutenant-Governor and the Premier, the Hon. A. E. B. Davie, or any other member of the Executive Council, relating to the above mentioned facts of proroguing or summoning the Legislative Assembly.

The honorable mover said the position of public affairs was in a very unsatisfactory condition, and his object in moving for these returns was to see that they were properly conducted.

Hon. Mr. Robson said he would move an amendment to the resolution asking that returns showing by what authority the legislature was called together and prorogued in the year 1880, when the leader of the opposition was a member of the government. He did this for the purpose of rounding off the inconsistency of the honorable leader of the opposition and he thought it had been shown sufficiently clear during previous debates that it was not necessary that premiers should be appointed by minute of council. The leader of the opposition must have known this. He thought the papers might as well be brought down in order that the position which he (Hon. Mr. B.) had taken might be established.

Hon. Mr. Beaven, to show how dishonest were the tactics of the leader of the government said it was only necessary for him (Hon. Mr. B.) to show that the statute was passed one month after the minute in council referred to by the leader of the government. Resolution carried.

STREET LINES.

Mr. Duck moved that the standing orders be suspended and leave granted to present a petition from the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria for leave to introduce a private bill. The honorable mover explained that the object of the bill was to amend the act providing for durable stone monuments at the intersection of streets. The city had neglected to place a monument at the corner of Humboldt and Douglas streets, and consequently the lines could not be given.

Mr. Speaker ruled the motion out of order and indicated the proper course to be pursued.

WORKINGMEN'S WAGES.

Mr. Orr moved that a select committee be appointed to take into consideration and report a bill for the protection of workingmen's wages. Said committee to consist of Messrs. Bole, Duck, Thomson, Anderson and the mover. The mover was of opinion that it would be well to have all the measures before the house on this subject examined with a view to incorporating their provisions into one. Carried.

GEORGE MURDOCK'S CLAIM.

Mr. Semlin moved for copies of all correspondence between the Lands and Works Department and George Murdock, or other person or persons, in reference to land claimed by the said George Murdock at or near the Eagle Pass Landing. The mover said that Mr. Murdock had recently learned that the lands which had been improving had been deeded to other parties. He therefore wished to obtain information on the subject. Carried.

INTESTATE ESTATE.

Hon. Mr. Davie brought down returns asked for by the House in reference to the intestate estate of the late Isaac Humphreys.

WATER FRONTAGE.

Mr. Orr asked—Is it the intention of the government to permit the Canadian Pacific Railway Company to take possession of the water frontage lots in block one and block six, in the old townsite of Granville, laid out by the colony of British Columbia prior to Confederation, and not included in the grant to the C. P. R. Co., as appears by their deed and the map of said townsite registered in the Land Registry office?

Hon. Chief Commissioner—I am informed that the water frontage in question is in the possession of the Dominion Government. The honorable gentleman explained that he had take considerable trouble to obtain this information.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—I may say that the right of the foreshore has never been conceded in this province to the Dominion.

Hon. Mr. Davie explained that the opinion of the Hon. Stephen Richards had been obtained on this subject and would be circulated.

AN ANSWER IN DETAIL.

Mr. Ladner asked the Hon. Provincial Secretary the following question: "What was the expense of your recent trip to Ottawa, and how long were you absent from Victoria?

Answer—1st. In so far as the cost to the province is concerned, the information will be found in the public accounts laid before the house on the 18th ult. 2nd. Fifty days, eighteen hours and thirty minutes.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—That is no answer to the honorable gentleman's question, but that is always the way the opposition are treated.

Hon. Mr. Vernon—No one else asks such questions as you people over there.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—Order!

SUMAS LANDS.

Mr. Ladner asked at what date did the Dominion Government relinquish their claim to the lands embraced within the Sumas Dyking Act?

Hon. Chief Commissioner—Practically in February last, but it is considered necessary that the Dominion should still have legislation on the subject.

ESTIMATES.

Hon. Mr. Turner moved that supply be granted to Her Majesty and that the consideration of his honor the Lieutenant-Governor's speech at the opening of the session take place on Thursday next.

READ A THIRD TIME.

The Controverted Elections Amendment bill was read a third time.

PROTECTION OF LIFE.

Mr. Thomson moved the second reading of the Coal Mines Act Regulation Amendment Bill. He said the bill, it would be admitted, was one of the most important introduced into the Assembly during the present session, having, as it had, for its object the preservation of life and property. The bill was a copy of one adopted in the old country at the beginning of the year. It would be better understood in committee and he would simply move now that it be read a second time.

Hon. Mr. Robson said in supporting the second reading of the bill that he felt this was a very important matter. The lamentable accidents which had taken place during the past year indicated sufficiently the necessity of any safeguards which could be placed around the miners. In his official capacity he had been the witness of harrowing scenes at these disasters, scenes which could not fail to impress one with the necessity and duty of extending additional safeguards around the miners. He hoped the bill would have the effect of giving the protection sought for. But at the same time, as a duty to himself, he had to say that he took exception to some of the provisions of the bill. The object of clause one was to exclude Chinese as a class from working in the mines. He had never changed his mind on the Chinese question and should like to see them not only out of the mines but out of the province altogether, but we had learned from experience that by passing the bill with this clause in it would be to render it useless. We had already learned that such legislation was unconstitutional, and it was better for us not to deceive ourselves but to meet the fact in a manly way. There was another phase of the question to which he desired to refer. He believed that in the case of public works and pub-

Continued on Fourth Page.

A MYSTERIOUS POWER.

A Wonderful Remedy for a Wonderful Age.

Electro-Magnetism, the wonder of the age, and the mode of treatment is the acme of perfection. It penetrates the secret ambush of diseases and exterminates it, root and branch, forever. It removes the wretched symptoms of loathsome maladies and averts its dreadful effects. It removes more agony and silent suffering than tongue can tell. It cures the most helpless cases and relieves acute pains that every known means have failed in, which can be substantiated by the evidence of thousands of persons who have been cured by Drs. Darrin, Electro-Magnetic physicians, at the International hotel, Seattle, W. T., where they are treating scores of patients daily. The following are a few open letters that speak for themselves, and many more could be added did not the want of space forbid:

SEATTLE, W. T., March 14, 1888.

Drs. Darrin, gentlemen:—I now take the pleasure of writing you that after a full course of your electro-magnetic treatment I am entirely cured of a pain in my chest which has troubled me for over 8 years. Having been under treatment by doctors of Liverpool, Glasgow, Calcutta and San Francisco, none of them did me any good until I came under your treatment, which I am sure has permanently cured me, for which, gentlemen, I beg to remain gratefully yours,
WILLIAM LITTLE.

Port Madison, March 12, 1888.

Dear Dr. Darrin:—I now take the pleasure of dropping you a line, informing you that I am entirely cured of the cancerous affection of the tongue. It had been pronounced incurable by all physicians that had examined it, and I applied to you out of curiosity to see what you could do, and to my great surprise I found relief from the first treatment which I have continued with you until I am entirely cured, as I have above stated. I have recommended my afflicted friends far and near to go and see you, and I gadly give my name to you for publication if it will do you any good.
Yours respectfully,
M. E. DAY.

Mr. Editor, dear sir:—About four months ago I was taken with a severe pain in the sciatic nerve which caused a great deal of suffering. I came to Drs. Darrin, Seattle, W. T., and consulted them, and they said that I could be cured. I put myself under their electro-magnetic treatment. Now after a few weeks' course I find myself cured. I cheerfully recommend the doctors to the afflicted, whoever may need their services. Can be referred to at Palace Restaurant, Seattle, W. T.
JOHN M. ROMEYER.

Mr. Editor, DEAR SIR—For over a year I have been afflicted with liver and kidney trouble, accompanied by a stomach difficulty, with great bloating of the abdoman, etc., and for over six years I have not had a good night's sleep. I have been under the treatment of most every doctor in the country, but without relief. As a last hope I was persuaded to consul Drs. Darrin. After the first treatment I felt instantaneous relief, and now after a thorough course of their electro-magnetic treatment I am entirely well, and for the first time in years enjoyed perfect health. I gladly recommend the doctors to the public, as their ability to perform cures is without a question, as I saw many others cured while under treatment.
E. L. STRAHL.

WONDERFUL RESTORATION OF HEARING

To the public:—My little boy has been deaf since he was 16 months old, and was so deaf that he has never learned to talk and is now 5 years old. I had consulted a great many physicians and none could do anything for him and said that his hearing could never be restored. As a last hope I consulted the Drs. Darrin, at the International hotel, Cherry street, in the case and they said they could cure him. Now, after three treatments, the child's hearing is almost entirely restored, and he seems to be dazed by the sound. Through thankfulness and gratitude to the doctors, and for the sake of others that may be afflicted, I give this testimonial to the public. I can be referred to at the corner of Front and Pine streets, Seattle, W. T.
MRS. MEVIE GERFORT.

DOCTORS' TERMS FOR TREATMENT.

Drs. Darrin can be consulted free at the International Hotel, Cherry street, between Second and Third, and will under no circumstances take a case that they are positive they cannot cure or benefit. Charges are reasonable and the poor treated free from 9 to 10 a.m., Tuesdays and Saturdays.

Office hours from 10 to 5; evenings 7 to 8; Sundays 10 to 12.

They cure permanently all diseases of the genito urinary organs, in either sex, and make a specialty of deafness and catarrh, and also treat successfully all diseases of the nose and throat, eye and ear, etc., as well as all acute and chronic diseases of whatever name or nature, if curable. No cases taken if not.

Cross-eyes straightened in 1 to 10 minutes.

Youthful indiscretion and loss of manhood, seminal weakness, loss of desire of sexual power in man or woman, are successfully treated by the electro-magnetic system.

Most cases can receive home treatment after a few days at the doctors' office.

Drs. Darrin have a system of home treatment for patients living at a distance, thus saving them time and expense, by writing symptoms, age, sex, etc. Inquiries answered. Circulars sent free.

Unlike other physicians who have become eminent in their profession, the doctors' charges are extremely moderate, being only ten dollars for six treatments of such disease, or in that proportion, as the case may require.

Circulars sent free to any address. Inquiries answered.

Bandsmen, Read This.

Messrs. C. A. LOMBARD & Co. are now ready to supply you with instruments made by F. Besson & Co., of London, at 15 per cent. less than any other dealers in the province. Send in your orders direct to us and save money.

Rings, Rings, Rings.

For Diamond, Engagement, Wedding Rings go to W. H. Pennock, the practical jeweller, and have them made to your liking. Bring along your old gold and have it remodelled into something new and fashionably, as Mr. Pennock makes a specialty of fine work at reasonable prices. Denny's Block, Government street, up stairs.

Who is Your Best Friend?

Your stomach of course. Why? Because if it is out of order you are one of the most miserable creatures living. Give it a fair, honorable chance and see if it is not the best friend you have in the end. Don't drink in the morning. Don't drink in the morning. If you must smoke and drink wait until your stomach is through with breakfast. You can drink more and smoke more in the evening and it will tell on you less. If your food ferments and does not digest right,—if you are troubled with Heartburn, Dizziness of the head, coming up of the food after eating, Biliousness, Indigestion, or any other trouble of the stomach, you find best use Green's August Power, as no person can use it without immediate relief.

A Common Cold

Is often the beginning of serious affections of the Throat, Bronchial Tubes, and Lungs. Therefore, the importance of early and effective treatment cannot be overestimated. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral may always be relied upon for the speedy cure of a Cold or Cough.

Last January I was attacked with a severe Cold, which, by neglect and frequent exposures, became worse, finally settling on my lungs. A terrible cough soon followed, accompanied by pains in the chest, from which I suffered intensely. After trying various remedies, without obtaining relief, I commenced taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and was

Speedily Cured.

I am satisfied that this remedy saved my life.—Jno. Webster, Pawtucket, R. I.

I contracted a severe cold, which suddenly developed into Pneumonia, presenting dangerous and obstinate symptoms. My physician ordered the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. His instructions were followed, and the result was a rapid and permanent cure.—H. E. Stimpson, Rogers Prairie, Tex.

Two years ago I suffered from a severe Cold, which settled on my Lungs. I consulted various physicians, and took the medicines they prescribed, but received only temporary relief. A friend induced me to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. After taking two bottles of this medicine I was cured. Since then I have given the Pectoral to my children, and consider it

The Best Remedy

for Colds, Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, ever used in my family.—Robert Vanderpool, Meadville, Pa.

Some time ago I took a slight Cold, which, being neglected, grew worse, and settled on my Lungs. I had a hacking cough, and was very weak. Those who knew me best considered my life to be in great danger. I continued to suffer until I commenced using Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Less than one bottle of this valuable medicine cured me, and I feel that I owe the preservation of my life to its curative powers.—Mrs. Ann Lockwood, Akron, New York.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is considered, here, the one great remedy for all diseases of the throat and lungs, and is more in demand than any other medicine of its class.—J. F. Roberts, Magnolia, Ark. ††

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

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Just Received

A CONSIGNMENT OF

Choice Creamery Butter

DIRECT FROM AN

Eastern Township Factory.

A LIBERAL REDUCTION

Will be allowed to buyers of Job Lots.

J. C. DEVLIN,

Government Street. a18

Snowflake Flour,

FOR FAMILY USE.

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no other.

MANUFACTURED BY
ISOM LANNING & CO.,
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NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMP'Y

LONDON, ENGLAND.

Subscribed Capital, $15,000,000

Risks Against Fire

Accepted at Current Rates of Premium by

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September, 1887. sept 1m

Patronize Home Industry!!

BARBER & HEWLINGS,

Carriage Builders and Contractors,

Pattern Making, Model Making and Office Fitting.

Why Buy Imported Carriages when Messrs. BARBER & HEWLINGS are able to make better at more Reasonable Prices.

Pandora Street, Victoria, B. C.

mr3 1m Next to Dalby's Stables.

Splendid Chance.

THE undersigned offers for sale the business stock-in-trade, good stock of Liquors, Furniture, Bar Fixtures and appointments of the

St. Nicholas Hotel,

Government Street.

This well-known Hotel is doing a good business, is situated in the centre of the city, and is at once a first-class and desirable business.

It contains 32 sleeping rooms and Parlors, all well furnished, yard and stabling, outbuildings, Restaurant, &c., in fact all the appointments of a first-class hotel. This is a splendid opportunity for a live business man.

For further information, apply on the premises, Government street, Victoria, to
oct4 JOHN McCARTNEY.

CHAS. HAYWARD,
Funeral Director
and Embalmer.
Broughton Street, Victoria.

BURNES' BLOCK.

OFFICES having all the modern conveniences attached, to let in the Burnes' Block, fronting on Court House. Apply to HEISTERMAN & Co., Real Estate Agents, Douglas Square. m23

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CAPITAL $100,000, in 2,000 Shares of $50 Each.

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PAYMENT ON SHARES.—Five dollars per share on allotment. The balance on calls at intervals of not less than 30 days, and 15 days notice to be given of each call. No call to exceed $10 per share.

Forms of application for Shares and Prospectus can be obtained of the Secretary.

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MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE AT LOW RATES. Town Lots and Farming Lands for sale on easy terms. my17 D&W

Columbia Roller Flour Mill,

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The Only Roller Flour Mill In the Province.

Registered Brand, "RED STAR."

ASK FOR RED STAR FLOUR

IT IS A HOME MANUFACTURE.

RED STAR CRACKED WHEAT.
RED STAR GRAHAM FLOUR.

Orders to be addressed to the Columbia Milling Co., Enderby, B. C.

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DEALERS IN

New and Second-hand Machinery.

Repairs a Specialty.

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SUITABLE FOR PRINTERS, GROCERS, BUTCHERS, AND OTHERS REQUIRING A SMALL, SAFE, ECONOMICAL AND DURABLE POWER, FREE FROM DIRT OR DANGER.

Steam Launches, (steam up in 5 mins.), Saw Mill, Brickyard, Marine and Land Engines and Boilers, Etc.

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LADIES' NURSE,

Has removed to Quadra Street, between Pandora and Johnson Streets, and

Is Prepared to Receive Call

From Ladies requiring her services.

feb13 tf

A CHOICE LOT

—OF—

Early Rose Potatoes

FOR SEED.

Island Hay and Clean Seed.

OATS FOR SALE

—AT—

Samuel Clay's

BLUE POST.

Cor. Douglas and Johnson Streets.

fe27 1m

DOHERTY & SMILOW,

General Scavengers

Yards and Cesspools cleaned, Wells dug and cleaned. Contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with J. Finlayson, grocer, corner of Government and Broughton streets, or Rossi & Giesselman, Yates street, will be promptly attended to. aug25 1y

Thoroughbred Stock, Holsteins,

FOR SALE.

I OFFER FOR SALE TWO Thoroughbred Holstein Bulls aged 1 and 2 years, a Thoroughbred Cow aged 4 years, A number of Calves (Durham and Holstein blood) from 6 to 9 months old, and a graded Bull, ¾ Holstein and ¾ Durham, weighing 1400 pounds, and 3 years old. Prices and terms reasonable. Apply to H. CHAFFEY, Cedar Hill Road. mr16 1m

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company.

LAND DEPARTMENT.

Notice to Claimants under the "Act Relating to the Island Railway, the Graving Dock and Railway Lands of the Province."

The Company is now prepared to issue Conveyances of Title to all Claimants entitled to the same under the provisions of the above Act, and who have fulfilled the requirements of the British Columbia "Land Act, 1884."

R. DUNSMUIR, President.

JOHN TRUTCH, Land Commissioner.

Victoria, B. C., July 25th, 1887. july28

John Meston.

CARRIAGE MAKER,

BLACKSMITH, Etc.,

Government street, between Johnson and Pandora Streets,

VICTORIA, B. C. d1

M'LENNAN & M'FEELY

ROOFERS,

In Tin, Iron and Felt.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Galvanized Iron Cornices, The Globe Ventilator & Chimney Cap for sale.

Fort Street, Victoria, and Vancouver, B. C. sept30 1y

MY FIDDLE.

"The fiddle?—Well, I kind o' keep her handy, don't you know?
Thought I ain't so much inclined to tromp the strings and switch the bow
As I was before the timber of my elbows got so dry,
And my fingers was more limber like and caperish and spry.
Yet I can plonk and plunk and plink,
And tune her up and play,
And jest lean back and laugh and wink
At every rainy day.

My playin's only middlin'—tunes I picked up when a boy—
The kind o' sort o' fiddlin' that the folks call cutlarol.
"The Old Fat Gal," and "Ryestraw," and "My Sailor's On the Sea,"
Is the cowtillions that I saw when the ch'ice is left to me.
And so I plunk and plonk and plink,
And roosm up my bow,
And play the tunes that make you think
The devil's in your toe.
* * * * * *
That's how this here old fiddle's won my heart's indurin' love!
From the strings across her middle to the screechin' keys above—
From her apern, over bridge, and to the ribbon round her throat,
She's a woolin', coolin' pigeon, singin' "Love Me" every note!
And so I pat her neck, and plink
Her strings with lovin' hands,
An' list'nin' clost, I sometimes think
She kind o' understands.

—James Whitcomb Riley.

FOILED.

The scene of our story is in Russia—"Holy Russia," as the Russians call it. In the land of the czar the police officials are allowed considerable latitude. They take copious advantage of their opportunities to make it unpleasant for their personal enemies. The man or woman against whom the police have a spite is not safe in person or property. The usual mode of conciliating those in authority is to invite them to take snuff out of a snuff box, the contents of which are gold rubles. To avoid trouble with the police a man in Russia must be reckless with his rubles.

Police Commissioner Suboff was very, very obliging in some respects. He was a hopeless victim of the snuff habit when the snuff box had a gold lining. He was up to snuff in several senses of the word. To use an American expression, Suboff was an investigating committee of one, that had to be continually lubricated. He had, however, one other weakness. He was very much given to paying his addresses to the fair sex. He was not pretty to look at. He was a short, fat, bald headed man. Scientists say that in a thousand years we will all be bald. Suboff had merely anticipated the scientists by a thousand years. He was bald already, although he was unmarried. Nobody could accuse him of failing to remove the hairs out of the comb. His blood might curdle in his veins, but his hair never stood on end with terror.

As an additional attraction his complexion was very much the color of an Italian sunset, or a circus poster. His mouth was the shape of a semi-circular gash, and looked as if it might be partial to pie. His ears were large and generous, and gave him the appearance, at a distance, of being provided with wings. His face betrayed about as much intellectuality as an Irish potato. It was only when he leered that it seemed to have any expression at all in it.

One would have supposed that such a caricature of a man would have confined his attentions to females who were, comparatively speaking, as devoid of personal attractiveness as himself, such, for instance, as those who were adorned with a hump and one eye. That, however, was not the modest sort of man that Suboff was. He forced his attentions on the loveliest in the land. If they opposed his wishes he promptly trumped up a conspiracy against the government and sent them, or their relatives, to Siberia. If a handsome woman desired to have any of her relatives sent to Siberia all that she had to do was to refuse to admire Suboff.

Suboff was in Warsaw investigating a conspiracy. A number of prominent Poles were arrested and sent to Siberia, and Suboff was hunting for more conspirators. He was kept pretty busy, but he would have paid much more attention to his official duties if it had not been for the beautiful eyes of the wife of a certain Col. Sabinsky.

Mrs. Sabinsky was indeed a beautiful woman. She was tall, well formed, with wonderful black eyes and a wealth of hair to match. Her features were as faultless as those of a Grecian statue.

Police Commissioner Suboff had seen her at a ball, and immediately fell violently in love with her, as far as the term was applicable to such a creature as himself. He paid every possible attention, but the handsome Pole ignored him completely. When he endeavored to become more familiar she said something to a group of ladies that caused them to smile audibly. She was evidently making fun of him. He felt pretty sure that she said something about his personal appearance, and that was a subject on which he was very sensitive.

He rushed out of the ballroom foaming with rage. The more he brooded over the affair the worse he felt about it. He determined to be revenged. He would find means to tame the pride of the haughty beauty. Next day Col. Sabinsky was arrested for conspiring against the czar. This meant that, perhaps without even the formality of a trial, he would be transported to Siberia.

Col. Sabinsky's wife was at first very much alarmed for the safety of her husband. She felt pretty sure that her unwillingness to smile on Suboff was the real cause of her husband's arrest. She was a very smart woman—as sharp as a steel trap. She said to herself: "As Mr. Suboff has begun to play tricks on me, I'll see if I can't play tricks on him. I'll see if I can't beat him at his own game."

She managed to have a note conveyed to her imprisoned husband, telling him to keep up his courage, as she would find means to procure his liberation.

In the meantime Suboff remained in his office awaiting the result of his first move to compel Mrs. Sabinsky to come to terms. He did not have long to wait, for on the day following the arrest of her husband Mrs. Sabinsky called at the office of the petty tyrant.

She was admitted into the room. It was quite large, with a closet. In the middle of the room was a large table, on which were writing materials and official documents. Suboff was in. He received her with a hideous grin. His visitor was pale and her eyes indicated that she had been weeping.

"What is the cause of your grief, beauteous lady?"

"My husband is in prison. Do you know the cause of his arrest?"

"It is a very serious matter, as he has been conspiring against the czar. I am sorry, but I have my duty to perform."

"Can anything be done to liberate my husband?"

"I'll take the matter under advisement, not that I have any doubts about your husband's guilt, but as a matter of accommodation to you. I am very busy now, but please call to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock, and I'll see what can be done."

The grimaces and leers with which these words were accompanied left no doubt in the mind of his visitor as to his real intentions, but she managed to conceal her disgust and promised to call at the appointed hour. As for Suboff, he was in an ecstatic frame of mind. The manifest absurdity of a man with his cast of countenance creating a favorable impression on anybody, excepting perhaps himself, never occurred to him.

An hour before the appointed time Suboff was arranging his toilet before the glass. He festooned his dome of thought with a wisp of about eleven lonesome hairs that still lingered around the base of his bald head. To himself he appeared to be excruciating lovely. A carriage stopped before the door. He pranced to the window and gazed out, looking, as Mrs. Sabinsky afterward told a friend, for all the world like an immense turkey gobbler. He opened the door and gallantly kissed her diminutive hand.

"We are quite alone," he said.

"Suppose somebody were to come? My reputation would be ruined!" exclaimed the fair visitor.

"There is not the slightest danger; and if there was here is a closet in which you could hide."

"Why, that closet is not big enough. How could I get in there with my dress?"

"It is much larger than you suppose. I am quite large, and it can accommodate me."

"I don't believe it," replied the visitor incredulously.

To relieve her fears Suboff went into the closet and partially closed the door. The next moment the door was pushed to and locked from the outside.

Suboff was very much crowded in that closet, almost as much, perhaps, as if he lived in a Harlem flat. He thought his visitor was playing a practical joke on him and that he would be released in a few minutes, but this delusion was dispelled by a firm female voice whispering through the keyhole:

"Don't you try to get out, you old scoundrel, or I'll stab you to the heart."

There was something in the tone of the voice that convinced him the speaker meant business.

Col. Sabinsky's wife tripped to the table, and on one of the official blanks, already signed by the wretched Suboff, she wrote: "Release immediately Col. Sabinsky."

Suboff heard a silvery voice say:

"Farewell, my dear Suboff, but don't excite yourself. If anybody calls remember that you are not in. You have cheek enough to carry you through anything except this door. Please shut this door after you. Ta ta."

When Suboff realized the peril of his situation he made frantic efforts to burst open the door, but it resisted all his efforts, although he swore like a man who was trying to write with a stylographic pen. He made almost as much noise as a woman's rights convention and with just about the same result. He was generally very successful in attracting attention, but on this occasion he failed ignominiously. He was almost speechless when he was released, and he had fallen off like a ton of coal on the scales of a dealer.

He got out, but the story also got out, and he was the subject of inextinguishable ridicule wherever he went. Hours before Suboff got out of that closet Col. Sabinsky and his wife crossed the frontier. They reached Paris in safety, and there it was that the latter told the story to the writer, who was a member of the German legation.—Translated from the German by Alex. M. Sweet for The New York Mercury.

His Sense of the Ridiculous.

The other afternoon, as we were rolling out Woodward avenue, a swell young fellow entered the car and recognized a fellow swell, when the following conversation ensued:

"Aw, there, Chawley, me boy."

"Aw, there, Fwedie, old chappie."

"Wery slipewy, Chawley."

"Indeed, Fwedie, that weminds me of w'at happened w'ile I was waiting for the caw—ah."

"W'at was it, Chawley?"

"W'y, one of those fellahs of the—ah—of the—of the—ah—twade clawses, you know—ah, was carwying a basket of—ah—ah—hen's fwuit, you know—ah, w'en he began to look at me, the beastly fellah, instead of where he was walking, and he slipped up—ah, and dwopped his basket of—ah—ah—hen's fwuit, and sat wight down in it—ah, and it so gwatified my sense of the wibiculous that I actually smiled, Fwedie, actually smiled—ah."—Detroit Free Press.

Historical Snowshoes.

W. P. Bennett, for many years superintendent of the teams and stages of Wells, Fargo & Co., has just sent east from Virginia City, Nev., the Norwegian snowshoes with which for twenty years he has traversed the Sierras. They are of white ash and ten feet long. In 1867 he carried the company's express packages across the mountains and was fifty-two hours in a snowstorm. When he got back the Widow Bryant—now Mrs. John W. Mackay—told him that in twenty years his snowshoes would be bought as relics. She was right. Once the shoes ran away with Mr. Bennett, and he went down the Kingsbury grade into Lake valley, a distance of over two miles, in four minutes.—New York Sun.

Dangerously Thoughtful.

Chicago is full of dangerously thoughtful and mature children.

"Mamma," said one of them—a 5-year-old—the other day, "ain't there any other senses 'cept seeing, hearing, feeling, tasting and smelling?"

"No, my child," answered the mother; "it is usually considered that those five are enough."

"Well," said the little one, with an air of deep conviction, "I s'pose talking would be called a sense if there wasn't so much nonsense about it."—Chicago Tribune.

Finger Lengths.

A comparison of the lengths of the first and third fingers has been many years in progress. Ancient Greek art seems to have found the greater beauty in a longer forefinger, but in the Apollo Belvidere there is no appreciable difference in the length of the two. Gorrillas, orang-outangs and Bushmen have a longer third finger, while among Europeans and Americans the longer finger is sometimes the first, sometimes the third, and sometimes both appear of equal length.—Arkansaw Traveler.

Anxiously Waiting An Answer.

Rise up, oh statistician, and tell us if there be more marriages in leap year than other years, and then we shall know how to act.—Albany Journal.

How Men Die.

If we know all the methods of approach adopted by an enemy we are the better enabled to ward off the danger and postpone the moment when surrender becomes inevitable. In many instances the inherent strength of the body suffices to enable it to oppose the tendency toward death. Many, however, have lost these forces to such an extent that there is little or no help. In other cases a little aid to the weakened Lungs will make all the difference between sudden death and many years of useful life. Upon the first symptoms of a Cough, Cold or any trouble of the Throat or Lungs, give that old and well known remedy—Boschee's German Syrup, a careful trial. It will prove what thousands say of it to be, the "benefactor of any home."

Brunswick Hotel

At the corner of Yates and Douglas streets. Board and lodging $5.50 to $6.50 per week. Day board, $20 per month; 24 meal tickets for $5. The proprietors will furnish the very best 25c meal in the city. We have a first-class cook, and are bound to give satisfaction. Come and see us.

FINDLEY & HODSETT.

—Money saved by having your plans made by FISHER, the ARCHITECT.

STEAMSHIPS.

Puget Sound Steamers of the Oregon Railway & Navigation Co.

In effect February 26th, and until further notice.

STEAMERS

Olympian and Alaskan

BETWEEN

TACOMA and VICTORIA

AS FOLLOWS:

TO VICTORIA. Ex. Sun.		FROM VICTORIA, Ex. Sun.	
Lv Tacoma	b 6.30 a.m.	Lv Victoria	9.00 a.m.
Ar Seattle	8.45 a.m.	Ar Pt. Townsend	3.00 a.m.
Lv Seattle	9.15 a.m.	Lv Pt. Townsend	9.00 a.m.
Ar Pt. Townsend	12.30 p.m.	Ar Seattle	12.15 p.m.
Lv Pt. Townsend	1.00 p.m.	Lv Seattle	12.45 p.m.
Ar Victoria	4.00 p.m.	Ar Tacoma	a 5.00 p.m.

STEAMERS

"OLYMPIAN," "ALASKAN" OR "EMMA HAYWARD"

Between TACOMA & SEATTLE, as follows:

To SEATTLE (Daily)		From SEATTLE, (Daily.)	
Lv Tacoma	b 6.45 p.m.	Lv Seattle	9.00 a.m.
Ar Seattle	8.00 p.m.	Ar Tacoma	a 5.15 a.m.

(a.) Connect at Tacoma with N. P. Trains for Portland and Eastern Points via "Switchback" or Columbia River Route.

(b) Connect at Tacoma with N. P. Trains from Portland and Eastern Points via "Switchback" or Columbia River Route.

Steamers "Geo. E. Starr" and "Idaho" Between SEATTLE and WHATCOM daily, Except Sunday. Str. Idaho carrying U. S. Mail.

W. H. HOLCOMB, General Manager. C. W. JOHNSON, Superintendent.

A. L. MAXWELL, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent. fe27

CANADIAN PACIFIC Navigation Co.

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 9.

Taking effect November 1, 1887.

Burrard Inlet Route

VICTORIA TO

Vancouver and Moodyville,

Daily except Monday, at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria,

Daily except Monday, at 12:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. Railway train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA

For New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island,

Tuesday, at 9 o'clock: Thursday and Sunday a 7 o'clock

Plumper Pass

Sunday at 7 o'clock.

Leaves New Westminster for Victoria

Monday at 13 o'clock: Wednesday and Friday at 7 a.m.

For Plumper Pass,

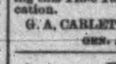
Monday, at 13 o'clock.

Steamers for Chilliwhack and way landings leave New Westminster every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, GEN. AGENT. JOHN IRVING, MANAGER.

PACIFIC Mail Steamship Co.



COMPANY'S STEAMERS sail for

Hongkong via Yokohama.

City of Pekin.....March 3, at 2 p. m.
City of Sydney.....March 24, at 2 p. m.
City of Rio de Janeiro.....April 12, at 2 p. m.

For New York via Mexico, Central America and Panama.

Steamers will sail 5th, 15th and 25th of each month at 10 a. m. for ports of call. See San Francisco papers.

WILLIAMS, DIMOND & CO., Gen. Agents. San Francisco.

aug 4

Oceanic Steamship Company.

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails.

WILL LEAVE the Company's Wharf, Folsom Street, San Francisco, California, for

AUCKLAND AND SYDNEY, WITHOUT CHANGE

THE MAGNIFICENT 3000 TON Iron Steamer

ZEALANDIA,

Feb. 6.....at 9 a. m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English mails.

FOR HONOLULU.

The magnificent steamer "Australia," Feb. 28

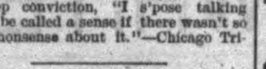
For freight or passage, apply at office, 327 Market St. JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS., 327 Market Street, San Francisco, California.

nov28

FOR NAAS & SKEENA RIVERS,

Ft. Simpson and all Way Ports.

THE NORTHWESTERN CANNERIES CO.'Y STEAMER



"Cariboo-Fly"

W. H. MEYER, MASTER.

Will sail for the above Ports, from Turner, Beeton & Co.'s Wharf,

On THURSDAY, the 22d inst.

This Steamer having been recently refitted offers very superior accommodations for Passengers. For Freight or Passage apply to the Agent,

HENRY SAUNDERS, Johnson Street.

mr14

PACIFIC COAST S. S. COM'Y

DISPATCH A STEAMER

Every Saturday for San Francisco

Leaving the outer wharf at One o'clock p.m.

Umatilla, - March 24.

Shippers must notify us when room for freight is required.

No Freight received after 3 p. m.

WELCH, RITHET & CO., Wharf Street, Victoria

ja11

JOS. SEARS,

Painter, : Glazier,

AND PAPERHANGER,

Yates Street, above Douglas.

fe17 tf

Opposite this Office.

I BEG TO INFORM MY PATRONS AND THE public that I have removed to larger premises *N. W. Corner Government and Yates Streets*, and shall always have on hand a large supply of Cigars, Tobacco and a general line of Tobacconists Goods. A Stock of "Vevey Tins" on hand.

H. L. SALMON.

mr3

NOTICE.

HAVING assumed the book accounts of the late firm of Anderson & Hastie, furniture dealers, all payments must be made to the undersigned before the 1st day of April.

R. A. ANDERSON.

mh15-tf

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

KING TYE CO. beg to inform the public that they have secured the services of L. MONGKOW from October 17th, 1887, to act with LEONG KEE as Interpreter on behalf of the said firm.

KING TYE CO.

Victoria, B. C. Oct. 21, 1887. oct21

NOTICE.

In the Matter of the Estate and Effects of Joseph Spratt, Deceased.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THIS ESTATE are required to pay the amounts due forthwith, and all parties who have any claims against the said estate are required to send the same on or before the 2nd day of April, 1888, to Mr. G. W. Haynes, of Messrs. Heisterman & Co., Bastion Square, Victoria, who is authorized to receive and pay all moneys due to and by the said estate.

W. FITZHERBERT BULLEN, GEO. W. HAYNES, ANDREW BECHTEL, Executors.

Dated at Victoria, February 1st, 1888. fe2-2m

"Land Registry Ordinance 1870."

Part of Lot No. 182C. in the City of Victoria.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE Title to a portion of the above mentioned Lot, will be issued to Glacome Rossi on the 17th day of May, 1888, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an Estate or interest in said portion of said Lot, or some part thereof.

CHARLES JAS. LEGGATT, Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, 16th Feb. 1888. fe16 3m

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXisting between Richard Hall, William John Gospel, and Louis Garcia Dumbleton has been dissolved from the 31st December, 1887, by mutual consent. Mr. L. G. Dumbleton retires from the firm. The business will be continued by Richard Hall and William John Gospel, under the style of Hall, Gospel & Co. as heretofore, by whom debts due to the partnership will be received and debts due by it will be paid.

HALL, GOEPEL & CO.

Victoria, B. C., 4th February, 1888. fe4 2m

"Land Registry Ordinance, 1876."

An Undivided Half of Part of Section 14, Sooke District.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE Title to an undivided half of part of Section 14, Sooke District, will be issued to William Bell Charters, on the 1st day of June, 1888, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said part of said section or some part thereof.

CHAS. JAS. LEGGATT, Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, 1st March 1888. fe29 3m

NOTICE.

In the Estate and Effects of George Brown, late of Saanich and Victoria, B. C., deceased.

TAKE NOTICE THAT ALL PERSONS INdebted to this estate are hereby required to pay the amounts due forthwith, and all persons who may have any claims against the said estate are required to send the same on or before the 7th day of April, A. D. 1888, to

E. M. JOHNSON, The Executor, Cor. Government & Bastion Sts, Victoria, B. C.

mr7 1m

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the Estate of P. R. Smith will please make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate will present them to the undersigned assignees.

DIXIE H. ROSS, W. S. CHAMBERS, } Assignees.

Victoria, Feb. 21, 1888. fe21 tf

NOTICE.

The undersigned has closed up his business. All parties indebted to him will please settle their accounts forthwith. He will be at his former office on Wharf Street from 11 a. m. to 2 p. m.

RICHARD CARR.

Post Office Box No. 45,

February 27th, 1888. fe27 1m

RUPTURE.

Egan's New Scientific Truss

After 15 years of labor and trial, on this appliance, it is now perfect, will *hold any case of Hernia*, during hardest work or severest strain. In running, jumping or lifting. *CURED RUPTURE* where all others failed even to hold. The proprietor of *this paper has evidence of these facts. Send Stamps* for testimonials, containing *your neighbor's testimony*, price list, &c.

Please mention this paper, describe *your rupture*, and say if it comes down, and if on right, left, or both sides, also *kind of work* you do.

Address DR. J. Y. EGAN, Hernia Specialist, Toronto, Canada. may30 D&W

Dr Vanmonicar

122, 124, Third St. Portland, Oregon.

Young, middle-aged and old, single or married men, and all who suffer from **Lost, Manhood,** Nervous Debility Spermotorrhea, Seminal Losses, Sexual Decay, Failing memory, Weak Eyes, Lack of Energy, Impediments to Marriage; also, Blood and Skin Diseases Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture—receive searching treatment, and prompt relief. **Both Sexes** consult confidentially. nov1 D&W

[NO. 153.]

A BY-LAW

Respecting the Expenditure of the Municipal Revenue for the Year 1888.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE COUNCIL OF the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:—

1. It shall be lawful for the Finance Committee of the said Council to arrange for and obtain a credit, by way of overdraft upon current account with the Bank of British North America, to an amount not exceeding in the whole, the sum of $30,000, including the now existing overdraft, at a rate of interest not exceeding six per cent. per annum.

2.—All moneys so overdrawn shall be used for the ordinary current expenditure of the said Corporation, and shall be repaid to the said Bank on or before the thirty-first day of December, 1888, out of the municipal revenue of the said Corporation for the current year.

3.—This By-Law may be cited as the Bank Credit By-Law, 1888.

Passed the Municipal Council the 13th day of February, A. D. 1888.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 22nd day of February, A. D. 1888.

JOHN GRANT, Mayor.

{ L. S. } JAMES D. ROBINSON, C. M. C. fe23

MUNICIPAL.

The Mayor will be in attendance at the City Hall daily, between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock in the forenoon, so as to meet any person who may wish to consult him on Municipal matters.

By order JAMES D. ROBINSON, City Hall, 3rd Feb., 1888. City Clerk. fe3

LAND NOTICES.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioners of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land situated on Valdez Island, described as follows:

Commencing at a point about ¼ miles S. W. from south end of Drew's Harbor; thence running W. half a mile; thence S. half a mile; thence N. half a mile to point of commencement.

M. C. IRELAND.

fe4

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I INTEND making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of unsurveyed, unreserved and unoccupied land described as follows:

Commencing at the Northwest corner of Section 15, Rupert District; thence West 80 chains; thence South 80 chains; thence East 80 chains; thence North 80 chains to point of commencement.

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr.,

Victoria, B. C., February 4th, 1888. fe6

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty acres of land on the south bank of Skeena River, about one mile above the Windsor Canning Co's. fishing camp:—Commencing at a point on said river, running east 40 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence north 40 chains to starting point.

R. CUNNINGHAM.

February, 22nd, 1888. fe22 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate in Rupert District and described as follows:

Commencing at the N. W. corner of Section 19, thence North 80 chains; thence East 80 chains to the seashore; thence South-East along the shoreline to the North-East corner of Section 15; thence West to point of commencement.

A. A. GREEN.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 14, 1888. fe15 2m

NOTICE is hereby given that we intend applying to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following tract of land, situate in the Rupert District, Vancouver Island, and described as follows: Commencing at the northeast corner of Fred Fell's claim, thence south 80 chains along Fred Fell's east line, thence east 40 chains, thence south 20 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 215 chains, thence north 50 chains, to south shores of Port McNeill Bay, thence westerly along the south shore of said bay 120 chains, thence northerly along the head of said bay of Port McNeill 60 chains, thence easterly along north shores of Port McNeill Bay 140 chains, thence north 20 chains across Ledge Point to the shores of Johnston Strait or Queen Charlotte Sound, thence westerly along said shore line to the northeast corner of Indian Reserve 260 chains, thence south along east line of Indian Reserve 88.80 chains, thence west 80 chains to southwest corner of W. May's claim, thence north 19 chains, thence west 28 chains to the point of commencement, containing 4,440 acres, more or less.

THOS. SHOTBOLT, H. SAUNDERS, A. W. BUSON, W. CLARKE, DAN'L MILLS, GEO. J. AINSWORTH, G. B. WRIGHT, MICHAEL HART.

feb16

Notice posted February 24, 1888.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that we intend applying to the Honourable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following tract of land, situate in Rupert District, Vancouver Island, and described as follows:—

Commencing at the Southeast corner of the Indian Reserve at Thomas Point; thence South 120 chains; thence East 80 chains; thence South 240 chains; thence East 240 chains; thence North 160 chains, more or less, to the shore of Queen Charlotte Sound; thence following the shore line in a Northwesterly direction, to the point of commencement; containing 5,120 acres, more or less.

ERNEST M. SKINNER, B. H. JOHN, J. STUART YATES, JAMES W. FELL, J. ROLAND HETT, TOM KAINS, JOHN GRANT, MORRIS MOSS.

Victoria, B. C., 20th Jan., 1888. fe4dw2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that we intend applying to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate in Rupert District and described as follows:

Commencing at the N. W. corner of Section 19, thence North 80 chains; thence East 80 chains to the seashore; thence South-East along the shoreline to the North-East corner of Section 15; thence West to point of commencement.

D. R. BROWN, Dist. P. and Pass. Ag't, Vancouver.

mr10

NOTICE is hereby given that we intend applying to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following tract of land situate in Rupert District, Vancouver Island, and described as follows: Commencing at the northeast corner of Section 13, Rupert District; thence West 80 chains; thence South 80 chains; thence East 80 chains; thence North 80 chains to point of commencement.

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr.,

Victoria, B. C., February 4th, 1888. fe6

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty acres of land on the south bank of Skeena River, about one mile above the Windsor Canning Co's. fishing camp:—Commencing at a point on said river, running east 40 chains; thence south 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence north 40 chains to starting point.

R. CUNNINGHAM.

February, 22nd, 1888. fe22 2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate in Rupert District and described as follows:

Commencing at the N. W. corner of Section 19, thence North 80 chains; thence East 80 chains to the seashore; thence South-East along the shoreline to the North-East corner of Section 15; thence West to point of commencement.

A. A. GREEN.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 14, 1888. fe15 2m

NOTICE is hereby given that we intend applying to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following tract of land,

Hudson's Bay Company.

JUST RECEIVED!

Ex "Frederick" and "Abernyte"

FROM ENGLAND, LARGE ADDITIONS TO STOCKS OF

GROCERIES, WINES AND LIQUORS.

ALSO A SUPPLY OF

FINE & COARSE SALT.

AUCTION SALES.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS.

Japanese Goods.

The Largest and Finest Assortment yet offered in the Province

TUESDAY, MARCH 27, 1888,

AT 11 A. M.

Direct importations ex S. S. Abyssinia, of

59 Cases of Japanese Merchandise,

Specially selected for this Market, to be sold

WITHOUT ANY RESERVE.

FURNITURE AND WOODENWARE

Writing Desks, Tables, Miganoshita Cabinets, Trays, Brackets, Dustpans and Brushes, Boxes, Handkerchief and Glove Boxes, Bamboo Carved Walking Canes, Bread Trays, Cigar Stands, Work Boxes, Dressing Cases, Bamboo Paper Baskets.

PORCELAIN.

Water Bottles, Cups and Saucers, Vases, Sugar and Milk Bowls, Cigar Stands, Tea Jars, Tobacco Jars, Plates, Teapots, Curios, Tea Sets of Choice patterns, Imois Ware, Plates and Bowls, Coffee Sets, Cheese Dishes, Flower Pots, in sets of 3 and 5 sizes.

POTTERY.

Vases, Plates, Vases and Covers, Figures.

BRONZES.

Match Boxes, Inkstands, Picture Frames, Ash Plates, Candlesticks, Vases, Picture Stands, Daggers, Paper Holders.

SUNDRIES.

Tortoise Shell Boxes, Shells, Card Boxes, Toothpicks, Birds, Cigar and Cigarette Cases, Lanterns, Paper Handkerchiefs, Straw covered Boxes, Collar Boxes, Musks, Horn Vases, Fans, Fire Screens, Kastimanos.

UMBRELLAS.

3 Paper Umbrellas 3 ft.
18 " " " from 3½ ft. to 6 ft.

SILK GOODS.

Embroidered Scarfs, Embroid'd Table Covers, —don. 12 to 36-inch Handkerchiefs, assorted, Embroidered Banners, Parasols, Gentlemen's and Ladies' Dressing Gowns, Smoking Jackets, Embroidered Screens of beautiful designs and large sizes, 12 don. Silk Handkerchiefs from 12 to 24 inches, sample lot Smoking Jackets,

Ex S. S. Batavia, Shipment of 10 Casks.

Porcelain and Earthenware.

Jars, Teapots, Vases, Plates, Coffee Cups and Saucers, Round Boxes, Assorted Jugs, Sugars, Oyster Shells, Basins, Goblets, Bottles.

10 Cases Lacquered Ware & Curios.

Sets Trays, Boxes, Pots, Waiters, Tinware, Sets, Goverette, Bowls, Kayaki Ware, Reed Waiters, Bamboo Ware.

TERMS AT SALE.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
mr13 Auctioneer.

Passengers Arriving.

Per str. Yosemite from New Westminster:—Miss Jeanings, Mrs Laidlaw, Capt and Mrs Bole, Mr and Mrs May, A Smither, E McMillan, Rev B Small, Rev McGuicken, W Wall, J Hammond, C Baker, Thomahlen, C Barner, E Rolfer, Hagman, Wood, H Paynter, J Paynter, T Dan, Walsh, Campion.

For the Alaskan from the Sound yesterday: A Sutherland, J Crei and wife, Miller, Wafer, Richardson, McCoullough, Miss Tittle, A D Charlton, West, Miss Marshall, Webster, Brady, Mrs W S Fuller, W H Mead, Major Foster and wife, L Wolff, J Hamserman, H Rothwell, Mrs Bosworth, Miss Bonze, Mrs Storey, Miss Storey, J R Boden, J G Croft, A L Bennett, Rooney, J Hays, M Lovel, W Olsen, McDonald, W P Cambers, W Bell, M Ryan, O Somers, R Watkins, J D Edwards, C Ross, D A Hopkins, Miss Brown, Geo W Black and wife, W H Fitch, D B Campbell, R D Atkins, S Hedlack, A W Stevens, Goldman.

By the str Olympian from Sound to-day:—H C Heubrdt, J Boyle, B J Pearson, B. F. Ellis and wife, S Jeffers, T Davis, M J Henson, Miss Parry, H Williams, J Sparling, Miss Sparling, O E Famble, Mrs Hopkins, W H Pearson, A V Hoar, Mrs Harden, W Dawson, J Gingle, W W Watson, J French, E Blagrove, Miss Tuthill, W Lavegiver, S Minor, J L Stanford, R L Bowen and J Beaven.

Consignees.

Per Steamer Alaskan yesterday; Anderson Bros, D Willis, Nicholls & R, S J Pitts, W Grimm, J Devlin, B H Burgess, Welch, Rithet & Co, L Willis, Brown Bros, J H Johnson & Co, J Harper.

Per the str Olympian from Sound to-day:—P McQuade & Son, Angus & Gordon, Boucherat & Co, Cotlier & W, Carne & Munsee, D Simpson, D Spencer, Fell & Co, G L Simpson, H Saunders, H H Co, J Weiler, J Stahl, J Hastie, L & Leiser, L & Erb, M R & Tye, R Lemon S Leiser, Spratt & Grey, S J Pitts, T Earle, W R & Co, J Parker, Van Volkenburg, M L Wright.

Without John.

The Vancouver Coal Company is doing so well without Chinamen that they do not want them back again.

The Juvenile Mikado.

The Juvenile Opera Company, under the direction of Mr. T. Wilmot Eckert, will appear at the Victoria early in April. Ko-Ko is personated by Teddy Gamble, a child of 12 years, in a wonderfully good manner. Miss Emma Berg, another youthful prodigy and very beautiful, takes the part of Katisha, while a little fairy of six summers is Peep-Bo. The choruses are highly spoken of by the Portland press. The juveniles will meet with a hearty reception in Victoria.

Chinese Ingenuity.

The Chinese girl, Ah Fong, who was rescued from a house of prostitution on Fisgard street is safely lodged in the Charity Home for Chinese girls and will marry the man of her choice in a few days. The man and woman who owned the girl and attempted to prevent her from obtaining her liberty are frightened on account of three other girls kept in the same house. On Saturday last marriage licenses were procured and the girls compelled to marry three Chinamen. A bargain has been made to deliver these girls on the American side and it is the intention to carry out that purpose in a few days. The names of the man and woman interested in the case are known and further developments will be published. Sheriff McMillan issued three licenses to Chinamen on Saturday evening. It is reported that Rev. Donald Fraser married the parties.

ANOTHER JOKE ON THE POLICE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR:—The report in Monday's *Standard* relative to a deserter from the navy is a gross fabrication. I had nothing to do with the case and cannot understand why my name is mentioned in connection with the affair. JOHN M. LANGLEY,
Deputy Sheriff.

Continued from Second Page.

lic contracts we might exclude Chinese; but the line should be drawn there, and private enterprises should not be interfered with. But if they were then he would say exclude Chinese from the canneries and all other industries. He would certainly support the exclusion of the Chinese clause.

Mr. Mason followed and read from mining reports to prove that Chinese were not the dangerous element in the mines that they were supposed to be. He said during the past year there had been 18 non-fatal accidents, but none of these were attributed to Chinese, and up to the year 1880 no accidents whatever were attributed to them. The report of 1881 stated that all the accidents were brought on by the miners' own negligence and the hope was expressed that the results would be a warning to them. Between the years 1876 and 1887 there had been 237 fatal and 238 non-fatal accidents. There was nothing to show, he claimed, that these accidents had been caused by Chinese. In fact he thought a greater danger was threatened by their exclusion, inasmuch as it would necessitate the employment of green hands. The bill he considered neither constitutional nor equitable.

Mr. Fry said the province was laughed at for having passed Chinese measures before and the same would be done again, if the House passed this bill. If the miners and mine owners could come to any arrangement well and good, but the Assembly should not pass anything which would likely be disallowed. The probability that the accidents were caused by Chinese, he thought, was very doubtful. There was a question as to whether the real object of the bill was the safety of the miners or was it for the purpose of giving the miners control of the mines. The bill might as well ask that Belgians and Italians be excluded as to ask that Chinese be debarred from working. This was interfering with the liberty of the subject and was unjust. He hoped the Chinese clause would be expunged in committee.

Hon. Mr. Humphreys would endeavor to deal with the subject with the gravity the nature of the case demanded. It tried one's patience very much to hear men who knew nothing about the dangers of the miners attempt to minimise matters and to contradict the statements of men who have worked their whole lives underground. Gentlemen who knew nothing about constitutional law had also got up and had claimed this bill was unconstitutional, when the fact was any men could be excluded from those mines. Why, the owner of them could exclude anyone he considered was a source of danger, and if the owner of the mines could do this, was it for a moment to be said that the legislature could not do the same? The scope and limit of legislation was practically unlimited. Besides, supposing that it was shown beyond any possibility of contradiction, that these accidents were caused by Chinese, would it then be said that the house was powerless to interfere. If honorable gentlemen would view the question in that light they would see where they were. The member for Cariboo and the member for Cowichan, however, stated that none of the accidents were caused by Chinese; that was practically the position they placed themselves in. His information was entirely to the contrary, and no better proof of the sincerity of the miners could be found than the fact that they were willing to forego the profits they had formerly made by employing the Chinamen. He was also very credibly informed that not only would the miners lose by the exclusion of Chinese but the profits of the coal mine owners would be very considerably reduced.

Hon. Mr. Dunsmuir—Oh, no, the public will pay for it.

Hon. Mr. Humphreys—That is hardly the point, but if I understand the honorable gentleman aright he means that he will in one way sustain a loss while on the other hand he will take it out of the public. Well perhaps coal mine owners would, and perhaps they would not. He could not say he was biased one way or another in this matter, but the demands of the miners he was bound to say seemed fair, just, honorable and Christian, and as such he was bound to support them. For honorable gentlemen to pretend to support this measure while they opposed the first clause in it was simply absurd. The whole text might as well be taken out as to remove that clause. He was not uncharitable enough to say that a mine owner only considered his gain without paying any regard to the safety of his employees but there was no question but their profits was the primary consideration. Honorable gentlemen declared this bill would be adjudged unconstitutional at Ottawa. That being the case the proper course for the mine owners, if they wanted to head off and beat the miners, was to allow this bill to pass. If it would be disallowed that was an easy way to get clear of it. He would stake his credit as a legislator that the bill was not unconstitutional and he hoped the members of the house would act like men and either allow the bill to pass as it was or throw it out altogether.

Hon. Mr. Dunsmuir would yield to no man in saying what was necessary to the safety of the miner, and in his opinion what was wanted was greater care on the part of the miners themselves. He said the agitation for the insertion of the Chinese clauses was simply the Knights of Labor getting their work in. The demand was not made by representative miners. Not at all. Why the most respectable miners were ashamed of the men who had been sent down here in connection with this matter. These men came down and talked about the accidents on the streets without knowing anything about the subject. Men had to make a study of working in a mine, but these men never studied it; they did not know what they were talking about. When an accident happened in 1883 there was not a Chinaman down the shaft. In fact most of the accidents happened when there were no Chinamen round. As to the constitutionality of this question, if it passed, all he (Honorable Mr. Dunsmuir) had to do was to take it into the Supreme Court to knock it higher than a kite. He did not care whether it passed or not; it was immaterial to him.

Hon. Mr. Humphreys—Well, let it pass.

Hon. Mr. Dunsmuir—I don't care, but let me ask the honorable gentleman one question. Why will men work where there is danger? They need not do it unless they like. There is no chain about their legs keeping them there. Say what you like, the Chinaman is no fool; he knows danger as well as anyone and if this clause passed it would only necessitate the employment of those without any experience or knowledge of mines. He had seen men go down supposed to be good miners who could not trim their safety lamps. Speaking in reference to the bill he said he would be willing to make some amendments to the present act, among which would be one providing for examination at every shift. The whole truth of this matter was that the miners had a new "fad." They had got an idea that the Chinese were their enemies, and they wanted to get clear of them. It was said the miners would sustain a loss, but he could tell all about the loss if he wanted to. Who was it came down here to ask for these amendments? Not the genuine miner. If a ballot was taken to-morrow among the miners it would be found that a great majority were favorable to the employment of Chinese. Dozens of miners had left the district lately simply because they were not allowed to employ Chinese.

Col. Baker said the subject to be considered was what would be the effect of this bill on working classes generally. He believed if it passed that the price of coal would go up and the cost thus be increased to the working classes in general. He would vote honestly in the matter and oppose the Chinese clause as detrimental to the workingman.

Mr. Semlin said he should vote for this bill to pass, but he would vote honestly for it, for he would also vote for the first clause when in committee. He could not compliment hon. gentlemen opposite on their honesty in this matter, when they have not the courage to vote against the second reading but proposed to kill the principle of the bill in committee. The principle of it was the first clause, and that principle was the exclusion of Chinese from the underground works of coal mines, and those members who vote against that clause will be voting against the spirit of the bill. Therefore he said emphatically that it would be more honest and more manly for those who are to vote against the first clause to vote against the second reading of the bill. The honorable President of the Council said that the delegation of coal miners who visited this city were not representative miners, and that the respectable miners are ashamed of them. Now he knew none of those men, and had not met them, but he did know what they asked, and it was to have Chinese excluded from the mines. It was singular if these are not representative miners that they ask precisely what all the miners ask for and what the petitions signed by hundreds of miners from Nanaimo and many hundred of residents of Victoria and Comox ask for. The president of the council would persuade the House that the miners do not want the Chinese excluded but that this agitation is the work of the Knights of Labor. He further says that the best man to protect the miner is the miner himself. Granted that; but the miner confesses by these petitions that he finds that he cannot protect himself with Chinese in the mines and he asks us to exclude them and thus enable him to protect himself. The honorable member for Kootenay posed as the friend of the working man and claims that it was in the interest of the working man to allow Chinese to work in the mine otherwise the price of coal would go up and people would have to pay more for their coal and this would be a hardship to the working man. Why what a rebuke to his honorable friend is the action of the working men themselves, when over 1200 of them in this city and Comox signed petitions urging us to exclude the Chinese. It showed that the working man does not gauge his humanity by a paltry addition to the price of coal (hear, hear). It was singular to note how some men's opinions change when they change seats in this House. The leader of the government when in opposition insisted upon the constitutionality of excluding Chinese—British subjects—from voting and when some thought such a provision would render the act unconstitutional, he ridiculed the idea and the house inserted the clauses, and for sessions after he used to take credit to himself for his farsightedness in this matter. Now that he is sitting on the government benches and very near to the President of the Council, he is the first to cry out, "O, if you do this the bill will be unconstitutional; the bill will be disallowed." So much for consistency! In conclusion, I would repeat that if honorable gentlemen wanted to kill the bill let them honestly vote against the second reading and kill it in committee, for killed it would be to all intents and purposes so far as the wishes of the miners are concerned, if the house struck out the clause excluding the Chinese. (hear, hear.)

Hon. Mr. Beaven said at the opening of this session his Honor the Lieutenant-Governor in his speech from the throne had very feelingly referred to the sad and deplorable accidents at Nanaimo. The speech stated that the Assembly would be asked to consider certain measures to, if possible, place safeguards around the hardy and industrious miner. In view of that it would have been expected that a measure for the protection of the miners would have emanated from the government. But not only did the government not do this, but they would oppose even what the miners had come to the House and asked for. When he had heard of these terrible accidents he had wondered whether he had been doing his duty and whether anything he had left undone had in any way been the cause of these deplorable calamities. But what could he say now when the united request of the miners—a request decided on by them at their meetings as necessary to their safety was before the house and yet it was proposed to oppose it.

Hon. Mr. Dunsmuir—The genuine miner don't go to these meetings. It is the Knights of Labor who get these things up.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—Yes, but these petitions are signed by the miners and everything is apparently done with their concurrence.

Hon. Mr. Dunsmuir—They are afraid of another explosion. They are afraid that a can of lighted powder will be thrown into their houses if they oppose anything.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—I did not force the hon. gentleman to make that statement, he did it voluntarily.

Hon. Mr. Dunsmuir—Well it is true. It has been done at Nanaimo before.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—There is such a thing as law and order in this country and if any such thing as that were done it would soon be put a stop to. In view of the large petitions that have been sent down it is simply futile to say these men are terrorized.

Hon. Mr. Davie—That is the history of all strikes.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—Felt quite sure that there was no good ground for miners apprehending danger. He was of the opinion that if the men were afraid of anyone it was the mine owner. If they were afraid of taking any action in this matter it would be because of fear that the mine owner would inflict hardship upon them. The statement that the miners would resort to any such measures as had been referred to he did not believe. He had worked among all classes of men and he had to say he had never met a more honest industrious and straightforward class of men than the miners. [Hear, hear.] It had been claimed that it was unconstitutional for this House to say that Chinese would not work in the mines. The present act, however, provided that no Chinese should be employed around the mine as brakemen, furnacemen, &c., and if the Assembly could pass such legislation as that why could they not also say Chinese should not work underground. [Cheer.] But more, the present provincial secretary had some years ago introduced a bill to prevent Chinese from voting. It passed and surely if the House could say that Chinese should not vote they could deal with matters of this kind. What reason was there for saying this bill would be disallowed; when some seven measures with anti-Chinese clauses had been passed in 1886.

Hon. Mr. Dunsmuir—And they were disallowed.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—I beg the hon. gentlemans' pardon, they were not.

Hon. Mr. Dunsmuir—I think they were.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—Well he should say what he thinks. I know they were not. Proceeding he pointed out that the petition of those miners should have a little more weight with this House than the statements of coal mine owners who merely said the petitions were nonsense. That was no argument. It was stated that numbers of miners were leaving the country on account of these accidents which was a very grave injury to this province. If the steamer Wellington was tied up at Nanaimo on account of the small output it was another evidence that these accidents were a very great injury.

Hon. Mr. Dunsmuir—That I know too well.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—The object therefore should be to minimize the chances for these explosions and he would repeat again that those who intend opposing the clause in committee which contained the vital part of the bill should oppose the bill at the second reading. There was nothing justifiable in supporting the principle of a measure at the second reading and then killing it in committee.

Hon. Mr. Dunsmuir endeavored to combat the statement made by the senior member for Yale who had stated he would cast an honest vote on this question thereby insinuating that the member who voted for it would not. It being near six o'clock he moved the adjournment of the debate. House adjourned at 6 o'clock.

CITY AND PROVINCE.

—Kurtz's Jubilee Cigars are now ready.

—Steamer Cariboo Fly will sail for Fort Simpson and way ports on Thursday.

—A fine line of new wallpapers of latest artistic designs, just received by John Weiler.

—Paine offers to row Ten Eyck for $1500 and if successful he will try conclusions with O'Connor.

—Hot luncheon between 12 and 2:30 daily, except Sunday, at the Boomerang. McDermott & Cliffe, proprietors.

—Photographic views along the line of the C. P. R. in B. C., and views of Alaska for sale at R. MAYNARD'S, Douglas St.

—The man injured on the steamer Alaskan on the 15th inst. is named James McConville. Latest accounts from the bedside of the sufferer states that he is doing well.

—Now Opening—A large stock of Gents' Scarfs and Ties; the very latest styles and patterns, at the GOLDEN RULE CLOTHING STORE, Yates street.

English Window Glass, 16 oz., all sizes; also Stained and Enamelled Glass, at Muirhead and Mann's Sash and Door Factory.

—W. K. Bull delivered a lecture last night on "Public School Education without a Bible." The subject was ably dealt with by the learned gentleman and a vote of thanks was passed at the close of the meeting.

—Tomb and Headstones, Monuments, in Marble, imported and local Granite, Mantle pieces and Wash Stands in Marble, artistically executed, and at reasonable rates, at George Roden's Marble Works, Douglas street, Victoria. Call and see specimens of work.

—Ayer's Hair Vigor stimulates the hair to a vigorous growth. It contains all that can be supplied to make the hair beautiful and abundant, removes dandruff, and renders the hair flexible and glossy.

—Ross & Ceperley, Real Estate and Insurance. C. P. R. Co.'s lots for sale; correspondence solicited. P. O. Block, Hastings street, Vancouver, B. C.

—House plants in great variety and a complete assortment of flower and vegetable seeds just received at Portman's cash grocery, Douglas street, Stelly Block, under the Clarence Hotel. New plants in season received by every steamer.

—Just arrived, direct from the manufacturers, a well assorted stock of Fishing Tackle, comprising Rods, Reels, Lines, Flies, Fly Books, etc. The flies have been tried to patterns and are especially adapted for the waters of Vancouver Island and British Columbia. At H. SHORT'S. *1w

—An excess of animal food and a partial closing of the pores of the skin, during the winter months, causes the system to become filled with impurities. These can be removed and the blood purified and invigorated by taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Price $1.

—A number of young bloods in an uptown saloon where an entertainment was in progress, created a disturbance on Thursday night last and were promptly ejected by the proprietor. One of our M. P. P.'s whose fervor has often been noted when flatic encounters were in progress, viewed the scene from a box overhead and considered this portion of the programme most appropriate.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co. 106 Wall Street, New York.

NEW TO-DAY.

Card of Thanks.

THE UNDERSIGNED TAKES THIS means of thanking R. Ward & Co., representing the Royal Insurance Co., and Heitzerman & Co., of the Phenix Fire Insurance Co., for prompt settlement of claim for losses at the late fire.
mr20 1i AMES HOLDEN & CO.

Business for Sale.

A FIRST-CLASS GENERAL MERCANTILE business at Centerville, Chilliwhack, for sale at a low price. The stock-in-trade consists of a large and well-assorted variety of Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Farming Implements, and everything required in a country store. The stock and goodwill of business will be sold and the premises leased, or stock and premises will be sold, as the purchaser may desire. The building is 60x25 feet, one story high, and was built last year. Everything is in perfect condition, and a large trade is carried on. For particulars enquire of
URIAH NELSON.
Or to On the premises.
JOHN GRANT, Victoria. mr20

GRAND EASTER FAIR

A GRAND EASTER FAIR WILL BE HELD in the Rooms of the Y. M. C. A., Broad St.

ON TUESDAY, APRIL 3, 1888.

Useful and Ornamental Articles will be offered for sale. An excellent Lunch will be provided, commencing at 12 noon. 25c. Refreshments during the day and evening.

New Attraction! Art Scenery.

In connection with the Fair, an Art Gallery will be open for inspection—Local talent alone being represented.

IN THE EVENING there will be a first-class Programme consisting of Vocal and Instrumental Music. Band in attendance.

mr20 2w **Admission 25 Cts.**

Auction Sale!

FOR UNDERWRITERS.

W. R. Clarke, - Auctioneer.

I am instructed by T. TYE, Esq., to sell by Public Auction

On Wednesday, March 21st,

AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.,

At the Saleroom, Store St., opposite the E. & N. Railway Terminus, for account of whom it may concern, about

Two Tons of Sheet Iron assorted Gauges, Marked M. S. T.

Damaged on the voyage of importation from Liverpool to this port, ex British barque "Aberayre, Campbell master.

Also, Furniture, Incubator and Mother, Trunk of Clothing for storage, Harness, Screw, Stoves, a quantity of Tea in 21 lb. boxes, Howe Sewing Machine, and a miscellaneous lot of articles.

Watch Chains, Pocket Dominoes, Cigarette Papers, Watch Keys, Pipes of different descriptions, Ivy, Clay, Helmet, Porcelain, Wooden and Meerschaum Cigar Holders, Purses, Eye Glasses, Chinese Counting Machines, Marbles, Knives, Isinglass, Sewing Machines, Fuses, Wafers, Bank Safes, Bear Traps, Wax and German Lucifer Matches, a quantity of Jewelry, Etc.

W. R. CLARKE,
mr20 1i Auctioneer.

Comox.---For Sale.

139 ACRES at the mouth of the Courtenay River, the property of Anthony Maitland Stephenson, ex M. P. P. These lands are 2½ miles from the wharf, have a water frontage of 22½ chains, and are the centre of excellent shooting and fishing. For further particulars apply to Lowenberg, Harris & Co., Estate Agents, Victoria, B. C. mr17 6t

VICTORIA THEATRE

3—NIGHTS ONLY—3

COMMENCING MONDAY EVE. MARCH 19.

Webster-Brady Dramatic Company.

SHE March 19th. SHE

Wm. A. Brady's Dramatization of H. R. Haggard's Famous Romance

Grand Calcium and Electric Effects; Great Spectacular Production; Every Scene New and carried complete.

TUESDAY, MARCH 20th,

Dion Boucicault's Sensational Drama of London Life

AFTER DARK.

Wednesday Eve., March 21st. An Idyl of the South, LYNWOOD.

Reserved Seats, $1.00, now on sale at Waitt's Bookstore. mr14

Vancouver City, B. C.

FOR SALE—On good terms. The Gold House, situate on principal street and commanding magnificent view of harbor. Largest and best furnished hotel, with large Sample and Bath Rooms. Cause for selling ill health.
apply ROBERT BARKER,
fe2 4m Sole Agent, Vancouver.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

10—CASES—10

OF

Men's, Boys' and Youths' Shoes

JUST ARRIVED

AT

RUSSELL, McDONALD & CO.'S

Cheap Variety Store, Douglas St.

Prices from 90c. per pair.

March 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th.

TO MAKE ROOM FOR LARGE SHIPMENTS OF

NEW SPRING GOODS

Shortly to arrive, the undersigned offers

AT : GREATLY : REDUCED : RATES

The Whole of their Stock, remaining over from the WINTER SEASON, and consisting of

Eiderdown Quilts, Batting Quilts, Blankets, Felt Skirts, Etc.,
Knitted Goods, Hosiery, Dress Stuffs, Velveteens, Etc.,
Plushes, Velvets, Silks, Satins, Etc.,
Mantles, Dolmans, Ulsters, Waterproofs.

STAPLE DEPARTMENT.

In this Department S. & P. are much overstocked, and during the Sale will also sell at MUCH REDUCED RATES their carefully selected Stock of

Table Damasks, Table Cloths, Table Napkins, Linen Towels, Turkish Towels,
Toilet Quilts, H. C. Quilts, Toilet Covers, Lace Curtains, Linens,
Sheetings, Cottons, Ladies' Underclothing, Children's Pinafores, Etc., Etc., Etc.

A Lot of Sample Curtains Cheap. Also, a large Quantity of Remnants.

SHEARS & PAGE,

VICTORIA HOUSE.

N. B.---The Sale is for CASH Only.

Victoria, March 17th, 1888. mr19

THE WORLD RENOWNED

MASON & HAMLIN

PIANOS AND ORGANS

Of Boston, U. S. A.,

The Doherty, of Clinton, Ont., Canada,

AND

THE NEW ENGLAND ORGAN,

Of Boston, U. S. A.

T. W. FLETCHER has been appointed Agent for B. C. for these popular makes. Further comments are unnecessary. Intending purchasers, who look for the Best on Reasonable Terms, can see them at

THOS. W. FLETCHER,
mr18 FORT STREET.

LEASK & MORRISON,

THE | LEADING | TAILORS.

THE WHITE HOUSE!

Embroideries.

JUST RECEIVED:

One Case of SWISS and NAINSOOK EMBROIDERIES and INSERTIONS, which we have marked at prices that cannot fail to please.

EMBROIDER'D COSTUMES

JUST RECEIVED:

A JOB LOT, consisting of 20 Ladies' White and Cream Lawn DRESS PATTERNS, very richly embroidered, which we will offer at their regular WHOLESALE PRICES.

Corsets.

JUST RECEIVED:

One Case of Ladies' and Children's Corsets. The Rational or Common Sense Corset. They are perfect in Shape, Durable, Comfortable, Healthy and of the best English Manufacture.

JUST RECEIVED:

A Full Assortment of BEEHIVE SOFT KNITTING YARN, specially adapted for Ladies' and Children's Underwear, being UNSHRINKABLE.

INSPECTION CORDIALLY INVITED.

HENRY YOUNG & CO.,

GOVERNMENT STREET.

15 DAYS ONLY. 15

After Stock Taking a Clearance!

GREAT DISCOUNT CASH SALE

AT THE

B. C. BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

A fine lot of our own Custom made Boots and Shoes to be sold at a Great Reduction.

TAKE THIS OPPORTUNITY.

A bonafide reduction on every Boot and Shoe in the Store FOR FIFTEEN DAYS. CASH ONLY. Settlement of accounts respectfully requested.

Opposite Post Office. H. MANSELL.